# **Original: English/Spanish**

# CORRESPONDANCE WITH COOPERATING NON-CONTRACTING PARTIES, ENTITIES OR FISHING ENTITIES AND THIRD COUNTRIES

This document contains the correspondence received from the following countries further to the 20<sup>th</sup> Special meeting of the Commission:

- 1. Letters from Bolivia and Costa Rica to request maintaining their cooperating status.
- Letters from Gibraltar replying to the Commission Chair
   Letter from Cambodia
   Letter from St Kitts & Neves.

Annex 1: Secretariat's letters to non-Contracting Parties

# 1. Letters from Bolivia and Costa Rica to request maintaining their cooperating status

# BOLIVIA

# MINSITRY OF DEFENCE

La Paz, 22 August 2017 DGIMFLMM-UBPM No.055117

Mr. Driss Meski, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ATLANTIC TUNAS (ICCAT) Madrid, Spain

Mr. Executive Secretary,

In compliance with the regulations of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), the General Directorate of Maritime, River and Lake Interests and the Merchant Marine of the Plurinational State of Bolivia, as Maritime Authority requests the renewal of its status as: *ICCAT NON CONTRACTING PARTY (NCP)* 

Likewise, I would like to take this opportunity to reiterate our commitment to comply with the conservations measures, the provision of data and the participation at ICCAT meetings.

Yours Sincerely,

(stamped and sealed)

Vice-Admiral Rubén Yañez Montoya MARITIME AUTHORITY OF THE PLURINATIONAL STATE OF BOLIVIA COSTA RICA

18 September 2017 PEP-862-09-2017

## Mr. Driss Meski, Executive Secretary International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT),

Madrid, Spain

Dear Sir,

I am pleased to greet you and the rest of the CPCs of this Commission and also reiterate the interest that the Republic of Costa Rica has to join efforts with the Contracting and non-Contracting Parties who work continuously and resolutely throughout the objectives established by the International Convention for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas.

Having been honoured with the status of Collaborating non Contracting Party granted to Costa Rica by the Commission in 2016, we have tried to satisfy the requirements and strictly comply with the commitments resulting from the resolutions and recommendations of the Commission, reason for which we are confident that the required procedures are carried out in accordance with the *Recommendation by ICCAT on criteria for attaining the status of Cooperating non-contracting Party, Entity or Fishing Entity in ICCAT* [Rec. 03-20], at the forthcoming 25th Regular meeting of the Commission to renew this status to our country.

Our delegation shall be represented by Dr. Roland Ramírez Villalobos, civil servant of the Institute of Fisheries and Aquaculture of Costa Rica (INCOPESCA) and the Regional Director of the Atlantic. Dr. Ramírez Villalobos has the required and sufficient authority in this regard to represent our country. He will be accompanied by the relevant people.

Yours sincerely,

Pbro. Gustavo Meneses Castro, PhD Executive Presidency of INCOPESCA 2. Letters from Gibraltar replying to the Commission Chair



Foreign & Commonwealth Office Foreign and Commonwealth Office King Charles Street London SW1A 2AH

www.fco.gov.uk

Mr Martin Tsamenyi Commission Chair International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas. Corazon de Maria, 8 28002, Madrid Spain

By email: info@iccat.int

21 September 2017

Dear Mr Tsamenyi,

Thank you for your letter of 17 July to the UK Minister for Europe and the Americas, Sir Alan Duncan, regarding Gibraltar. I am replying as Deputy Director of the Europe Directorate in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

The Foreign and Commonwealth Office notes the continued interest of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tuna (ICCAT) in Gibraltar, but the position of the UK Government remains unchanged from that which Sir Alan Duncan outlined in his letter of 19 August 2016.

We are clear that neither the provisions of the Convention nor measures and rules established by ICCAT apply to British Gibraltar Territorial Waters (BGTW). This is because neither the UK's nor the EU's ratification of ICCAT extends to the territory of Gibraltar. Furthermore, we do not consider HM Government of Gibraltar's actions ones which constitute illegal, unreported and unregulated activity, in accordance with the relevant legal framework.

The UK's ratification of the UN Convention of the Law of the Seas (UNCLOS) does extend to the territory of Gibraltar. Under UNCLOS, the coastal state (United Kingdom) is free to set laws for the conservation and use of marine resources in its territorial seas. HM Government of Gibraltar has taken steps to voluntarily implement effective conservation and management of bluefin tuna in BGTW, and whilst these steps are in line with ICCAT standards, they are independent of ICCAT's formal remit.

I hope this letter makes clear that the UK and HM Government of Gibraltar are committed to the sustainable management of tuna and tuna-like species. Whilst ICCAAT policy does not extend to the Overseas Territory of Gibraltar, HM

Government of Gibraltar continue to take steps to manage this marine resource sustainably.

Yours Sincerely,

Chris Sainty

Deputy Director, Europe Directorate

Foreign and Commonwealth Office



Office of the Minister for Education, Heritage, Environment, Energy and Climate Change

Your Ref: Our Ref: 17th October 2017

Martin Tsamenyi Minister of Foreign and Commonwealth Office King Charles Street London SW1A 2AH UK

Dear Commission Chair

Thank you for your letter of 17 July, which follows your earlier letter of 2 February 2016 and my reply to you, dated 19 April 2016. In that letter, I explained that the legislative steps we had taken in Gibraltar went a good way towards controlling what had previously been a totally unregulated activity. I also offered to share all our data and to visit your offices with my team, in order to look at possibilities for the future. In that respect, and although I do not appear to have received a reply at the time, I very much welcome your final paragraph which looks at working together to ensure sustainable management of stocks of tuna and tuna-like species. This, I assure you, is our absolute aim. At the time, I also forwarded to you a copy of our legislation, and can confirm that there is virtually no fishing of any tuna species other than *Thynnus thunnus*.

If I may refer to the points specifically made in your most recent letter, let me assure you that there is no continuous fishing and that Gibraltar enforces a closed season identical to ICCAT's. The season is closed if and when our TAC is reached, as has occurred this year. We enforce this closure.

I fully acknowledge ICCAT's international authority in the ICCAT Convention area. As you are aware, British Gibraltar Territorial Waters (BGTW) are not part of that area. It is for this reason that we have had to introduce our own protection measures, as I was not willing to allow tuna fishing in BGTW to continue unregulated.

Because ICCAT has no current jurisdiction in BGTW, and the recreational fishing of Atlantic Bluefinned Tuna is permitted by Gibraltar Law, but only under licence, the activity is by definition not illegal. It is not unreported either. Our Department of the Environment and Climate Change keeps careful records of all fish caught. As I offered in my letter of 19 April 2016, we will most happily share the data with you, should you wish to receive it. As I have stated above, the activity is also regulated, and so therefore cannot accept the description of this as IUU activity.

> Office of the Minister for Education, Heritage, Environment, Energy and Climate Change HM Government of Gibraltar • Duke of Kent House, Cathedral Square • Gibraltar GX11 1AA t+350 20066491 f+350 20066706 e mhe@gibraltar.gov.gi w www.gibraltar.gov.gi



It is indeed unfortunate that the previous administration in Gibraltar did not pursue the possibility of entering the eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean fishery. As you are aware, in 2012, shortly after I came into office, we reached out to ICCAT, by way of a letter from my Environment Officer, dated 4 September 2012, to the ICCAT/GBYP Coordinator Mr A D Di Natalie. This was followed by email exchanges in which a meeting was denied to us. At that time it was our intention to apply for ICCAT membership, and we raised this also with Her Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom's Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). Lack of response from ICCAT meant that we had to introduce our own regulatory system, which largely mirrors yours.

I assure you once again that our intention is to sustainably regulate recreational tuna fishing within British Gibraltar Territorial Waters, and I look forward to your confirming that you are able to engage with us constructively to that end.

Yours sincerely

Hon Prof John Cortes Minister for Education, Heritage, Environment, Energy and Climate Change

3. Letter from Cambodia

**Sent:** 18 April 2017 07:55 Dear Mr. Driss Meski,

Recognizing that, in the past, there had been reports and sightings of Cambodian-flagged vessels fishing or operating in the ICCAT area of competence and that these fishing vessels were suspected of undermining ICCAT recommendations, the Royal Government of Cambodia would like to inform you that it has taken measures to exercise effective control over the vessels authorized to fly its flag. In particular, the Royal Government of Cambodia deregistered all the fishing vessels and reefers (vessels transshipping fish at sea) flagged of Cambodia and issued a registration certificate by the South Korean Company, Cosmos. This measure became effective as of 31<sup>st</sup> August 2016. As a result of this decision, the sole competent authority to register vessels on behalf of the Royal Government of Cambodia is now the Ministry of Public Works and Transport. This means that there are currently no fishing vessels or reefers (vessels transshipping fish at sea), entitled to fly the Cambodian flag, which are authorized to operate in areas beyond national jurisdiction. Therefore, should there be any reports or sightings of above said vessels claiming to be registered in Cambodia and/or using the Cambodian flag operating in the ICCAT area of competence, it is fair to assume that these vessels are using either expired or fraudulent documents. In case of any such occurrence, be assured that the Royal Government of Cambodia is committed to investigating along with ICCAT any cases that would be brought to its attention and to taking any appropriate legal action against these vessels

For further communication with ICCAT, Ministry of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries would like to assign **Dr. Kao Sochivi**, Deputy Director General of Fisheries Administration to be a focal person with her official contact address: Email: <u>kaosochivi2017@gmail.com</u> and Tel: (855) 12 202 805.

The Ministry of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries would highly appreciate of your kindly supporting and cooperating with us.

Yours sincerely,

Veng Sakhon Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries 4. Letter from St Kitts & Neves



# SAINT CHRISTOPHER AND NEVIS

# MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, MARINE RESOURCES, COOPERATIVES, ENVIRONMENT & HUMAN SETTLEMENT

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GOVERNMENT HEADQUARTERS P. O BOX 186 \* CHURCH STREET BASSETERRE ST KITTS \* WEST INDIES

7<sup>th</sup> June, 2017

Mr. Driss Meski Executive Secretary International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas Calle Corazón de Maria 8, Sixth Floor 28002 Madrid, Spain

### **RE: SUSPENSION OF HIGH SEAS FISHING FLEET - ST. KITTS AND NEVIS**

Dear Mr. Meski:

The Federation of St. Kitts and Nevis is in the process of overhauling its High Seas Fishing Fleet programme as of the 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2017. St. Kitts and Nevis wants to ensure that it is exerting maximum efforts to prevent, deter and eliminate Illegal Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) fishing within our waters and areas beyond national jurisdiction. The present management arrangement of St. Kitts and Nevis' High Seas Fishing Fleet programme presents fundamental monitoring, control and surveillance challenges that has impeded our ability to fight against IUU fishing.

With respect to the above challenges, the Federation of St. Kitts and Nevis has suspended the operations of its High Seas Fishing Fleet. There will be no renewal of existing registration on expiration.

This communication is forwarded for your information and necessary action.

Respectfully

E. Alistair Edwards

Permanent Secretary

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Annex 1

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ATLANTIC TUNAS	ICCAT-SALIDA
ICCAT CICTA CICAA	N.º 5040
Comisión Internacional para la Conservación del Atún Atlántico	FECHA JUL. 2017

Madrid, 17 July 2017

Honourable Moses Jn Baptiste Ministry of Agriculture, Food Production, Fisheries, Co-operatives and Rural Development 5th Floor, Sir Stanislaus James Building Waterfront, Castries Saint Lucia

#### SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR INFORMATION REGARDING BILLFISH FISHERIES AND FURTHER COOPERATION WITH ICCAT

Honourable Minister,

On behalf of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), I am writing to inform you that, at the 20<sup>th</sup> Special meeting of ICCAT (14-21 November 2016, Vilamoura, Portugal), the Commission acknowledged the reception of Task I data submitted by Saint Lucia for 2015. The Commission also expressed its concerns about St. Lucia's reported 2014 catches of 111 mt of blue marlin. The Commission also acknowledged Task I data submitted by Saint Lucia for 2015.

While recognising the right of small island States to develop their fisheries, recent studies have led to concern regarding the stocks of white marlin and blue marlin and spearfish, resulting in catch limits being set for these species. The Commission is concerned that catches over and beyond these levels may have a negative effect on the populations of these species, and would be grateful to receive more information regarding the fisheries and management of marlins in Saint Lucia.

A complete list of ICCAT conservation and management measures, including for billfish, can be found at <u>http://www.iccat.int/en/RecsRegs.asp</u> On behalf of the Commission, I would also like encourage St. Lucia to consider becoming a cooperating Party or a Contracting Party to ICCAT. Should you require any further information in this regard, please do not hesitate to contact the ICCAT Secretariat (at <u>info@iccat.int</u>).

Finally, I wish to draw St. Lucia's attention to ICCAT Recommendation 06-13 Concerning Trade Measures, available at <a href="http://www.iccat.int/Documents/Recs/compendiopdf-e/2006-13-e.pdf">http://www.iccat.int/Documents/Recs/compendiopdf-e/2006-13-e.pdf</a>, which requires ICCAT to identify each year non-contracting parties "that have failed to discharge their obligations under international law to co-operate with ICCAT in the conservation and management of tuna and tuna-like species, in particular, by not taking measures or exercising effective control to ensure that their vessels or their farming facilities do not engage in any activity that undermines the effectiveness of ICCAT conservation and management measures." Nations that are identified and do not take appropriate actions to rectify issues for which they were identified may be subject to trade restrictive measures by ICCAT Parties or other actions.

Please accept the assurance of my highest consideration.

Martin Tsamenyi Commission Chair

CC:

Mr. D. Campbell, Compliance Committee Chair Ms. S. Singh-Renton, Caricom

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INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ATLANTIC TUNAS



COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE POUR LA CONSERVATION DES THONIDES DE L'ATLANTIQUE

COMISION INTERNACIONAL PARA LA CONSERVACION DEL ATUN ATLANTICO

ICCAT-SALIDA
N.º 50-46 17 JUL. 2017 FECHA

#### NOTE VERBALE

The International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) presents its complements to the Ministry of Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs and has the honour to bring to the attention of the Ministry the attached letter from the Chairman of ICCAT expressing the Commission's serious concerns regarding fisheries of Atlantic bluefin tuna and other tuna species in Gibraltar.

The International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Ministry of Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs the assurances of its highest consideration.

Madrid, 17 July 2017

Ministry of Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs of the United Kingdom Embassy of United Kingdom in Madrid



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INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ATLANTIC TUNAS



COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE POUR LA CONSERVATION DES THONIDES DE L'ATLANTIQUE

COMISION INTERNACIONAL PARA LA CONSERVACION DEL ATUN ATLANTICO



17 July 2017

Hon Dr John Cortes Minister for Education, Heritage, Environment, Energy and Climate Change Duke of Kent House Cathedral Square **Gibraltar** 

#### SUBJECT: CATCHES OF BLUEFIN TUNA TAKEN BY GIBRALTAR

Honourable Minister,

As Chairman of the Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), I should like to bring to your attention the concerns expressed by our Commission at its 20<sup>th</sup> Special meeting concerning the continuous fishing of Atlantic bluefin tuna (*Thynnus thunnus thunnus*) and other tuna species in Gibraltar.

ICCAT has noted that in its "Tuna Preservation Regulations 2014" Gibraltar has set itself an autonomous total allowable catch for this species of 10 tonnes in 2014, 13 tonnes in 2015 and 13 tonnes in 2016, and I should like to take this opportunity to recall that the only body with the mandate to regulate this species and to set catch limits is ICCAT.

The setting of autonomous quotas for any species outside the Total Allowable Catch levels determined by ICCAT is considered to be an illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) activity.

In the event that the Gibraltar wishes to seek entry into the eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean bluefin tuna fishery, or any other fishery of tuna and tuna-like species in the ICCAT Convention area, this should be done through the established procedures within our Commission.

I thank you in advance for your consideration in this matter and look forward to working with you in a joint effort to ensure the sustainable management of the stocks of tuna and tuna-like species. Please do not hesitate to contact me through <u>info@iccat.int</u> if you require any additional information about ICCAT and our requirements.

Please accept the assurances of my highest consideration.

NTERM Martin Tsamenyi 🕐 Commission Chair

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# ICCAT-SALIDA 2017-08-30 \$17-06306

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR THE CONSERVATION OF ATLANTIC TUNAS



COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE POUR LA CONSERVATION DES THOMERS DE L'ATLANTIQUE

DEAT CHETA DEAA

COMISIÓN INTERNACIONAL PARA LA CONSERVACIÓN DEL ATÚN ATLÁNTICO

Madrid, 30 August 2017

Hon. Roland Bhola Ministry of Agriculture, Lands, Forestry, Fisheries & Environment Ministerial Complex Botanical Gardens, Tanteen St. George's Grenada

#### SUBJECT: LETTER OF IDENTIFICATION

Honorable Minister,

Further to my letter of 17 July 2017 concerning the request for statistical data and further cooperation with the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), I am writing on behalf of the Commission to clarify that, at its 20<sup>th</sup> Special meeting (14-21 November 2016, Vilamoura, Portugal), the Commission identified Grenada pursuant to the *Recommendation by ICCAT Concerning Trade Measures* [Rec. 06-13] for diminishing the effectiveness of ICCAT conservation and management measures.

Each year, ICCAT reviews the fishery related activities of Contracting Parties as well as Non-Contracting Parties with respect to tuna and tuna-like species. A review of this information in 2016 found the following deficiencies for Grenada:

- Reported catch of blue marlin in 2013 with no accompanying statistical data submitted.
- Catch data were not submitted for 2014 or 2015.

Furthermore, ICCAT noted that Grenada did not respond to letters sent by the Commission after its 2014 and 2015 annual meetings urging Grenada to cooperate with ICCAT, including by submitting complete catch statistics for its tuna and tuna-like species fisheries. Such data are essential to support robust stock assessments and adoption of effective conservation and management measures. Failure to cooperate with ICCAT in the conservation and management of the species under its competence undermines the effectiveness of those measures.

ICCAT will hold its 2017 annual meeting November 14-22, in Marrakech, Morocco. In accordance with the terms of its trade measures recommendation, therefore, the Commission requests Grenada to respond to this identification decision in writing at least 30 days before that meeting (i.e., by October 13) and provide information on steps taken to rectify the matters that led to identification. In that regard, Grenada should provide complete statistical data for tuna and tuna-like species, as well as for pelagic shark species, using the forms available at <a href="https://www.iccat.int/en/submitSTAT.htm">https://www.iccat.int/en/submitSTAT.htm</a>.

Additionally, the Commission requests that Grenada provide information to ICCAT about its conservation and management regime for ICCAT species. A complete list of ICCAT conservation and management measures is available at: <u>http://iccat.int/Documents/Recs/COMPENDIUM\_ACTIVE\_2017\_ENG.pdf</u>.

ICCAT will once again review Grenada's fishery related activities, including any response received from your government to this communication, under its trade measures recommendation at its 2017 annual meeting. Based on this review, ICCAT will consider if additional action is needed, possibly including the adoption of non-discriminatory trade restrictive measures if effective rectifying action has not been implemented by Grenada. The Commission, therefore, urges Grenada to respond to the Commission on the required timeline, including submitting the requested data and information. Grenada is also encouraged to attend the 2017 ICCAT annual meeting as an observer.

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On behalf of the Commission, I also encourage Grenada to consider becoming a Contracting Party to ICCAT given your continued interest in the harvest of ICCAT species or, at a minimum, to seek the status of Cooperating Party, Entity, or Fishing Entity in line with ICCAT Recommendation 03-20. Should you require any further information in this regard, or assistance with completing any forms for submission of statistical data, please do not hesitate to contact the ICCAT Secretariat at info@iccat.int.

Thank you for your attention to these important matters, and please accept assurances of my highest consideration.

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M. Tsamenyi Commission Chairman

cc: Mr. D. Campbell; COC Chairman Ms. S. Singh-Renton, Caricom

Attachment: Letter to Grenada S-E17-5042 of 17 July 2017. Letter to Grenada S-E16-1079 of 18 February 2016. Letter to Grenada S-E14-7645 of 19 December 2014.

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# ICCAT-SALIDA 2017-08-30 S17-06307



Madrid, 30 August 2017

Hon, Johnson Drigo Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries Government Headquarters 2<sup>nd</sup> floor Roseau 00109-8000 Commonwealth of Dominica

SUBJECT: LETTER OF IDENTIFICATION

Honorable Minister,

Further to my letter of 17 July 2017 concerning the request for statistical data and further cooperation with the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tanas (ICCAT), I am writing on behalf of the Commission to clarify that, at its 20<sup>th</sup> Special meeting (14-21 November 2016, Vilamoura, Portugal), the Commission identified Dominica pursuant to the *Recommendation by ICCAT Concerning Track Measures* [Rec. 06-13] for diminishing the effectiveness of ICCAT conservation and management measures.

Each year, ICCAT reviews the fishery related activities of Contracting Parties as well as Non-Contracting Parties with respect to tuna and tuna-like species. A review of this information in 2016 found the following deficiencies for Dominica:

- Reported catch of blue marlin in 2013 with no accompanying statistical data submitted.
- Catch data were nor submitted for 2014 or 2015.

Furthermore, ICCAT noted that Dominica did not respond to letters sent by the Commission after its 2014 and 2015 annual meetings urging Dominica to cooperate with ICCAT, including by submitting complete catch statistics for its tuna and tuna-like species fisheries. Such data are essential to support robust stock assessments and adoption of effective conservation and management measures. Failure to cooperate with ICCAT in the conservation and management of the species under its competence undermines the effectiveness of those measures.

ICCAT will hold its 2017 annual meeting November 14-22, in Marrakach, Morocco. In accordance with the terms of its trade measures recommendation, therefore, the Commission requests Dominica to respond to this identification decision in writing at least 30 days before that meeting (i.e., by October 13) and provide information on steps taken to rectify the matters that led to identification. In that regard, Dominica should provide complete statistical data for tuna and tuna-like species, as well as for pelagic shark species, using the forms available at <u>https://www.iccat.int/en/submitSTAT.htm</u>.

Additionally, the Commission requests that Dominica provide information to ICCAT about its conservation and management regime for ICCAT species. A complete list of ICCAT conservation and management measures is available at: http://iccat.int/Documents/Bees/COMPENDIUM\_ACTIVE\_2017\_ENG.pdf.

ICCAT will once again review Dominica's fishery related activities, including any response received from your government to fais communication, under its trade measures recommendation at its 2017 annual meeting. Based on this review, ICCAT will consider if additional action is needed, possibly including the adoption of ron-discriminatory trade restrictive measures if effective rectifying action has not been implemented by Dominica. The Commission, therefore, urges Dominica to respond to the Commission on the requised timeline, including submitting the requested data and information.

Caracteris de Mario, 6 - 20012 MADRUEL, Epsin - Espanye - Españo - Tel: 434 91 418 3600 - Face +34 91 405 5689 - Algoritere Accessor - ephilipitate int

Dominica is also encouraged to attend the 2017 ICCAT annual meeting as an observer.

On behalf of the Commission, I also encourage Dominica to consider becoming a Contracting Party to ICCAT given your continued interest in the harvest of ICCAT species or, at a minimum, to seek the status of Cooperating Party, Entity, or Fishing Entity in line with ICCAT Recommendation 03-20. Should you require any further information in this regard, or assistance with completing any forms for submission of statistical data please do not hesitate to contact the ICCAT Secretariat at info@iccat.int.

Thank you for your attention to these important matters, and please accept assurances of my highest consideration.

M. Tsamenyi Commission Chairman

cc: Mr. D. Campbell; CCC Chairman Ms. S. Singh-Renton, Caricom

Attachment: Letter to Dominica S- E17-5042 of 17 July 2017. Letter to Dominica S-E16-1080 of 18 February 2016. Letter to Dominica S-E14-7644 of 19 December 2014.

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