

Report of the Intersessional Meeting of Small Tunas Species Group (Hybrid/Olhão, Portugal, 26-28 May 2025)

The results, conclusions and recommendations contained in this report only reflect the view of the Small Tunas Species Group (SMT SG). Therefore, these should be considered preliminary until the SCRS adopts them at its annual Plenary meeting and the Commission revises them at its annual meeting. Accordingly, ICCAT reserves the right to comment, object and endorse this report, until it is finally adopted by the Commission.

1. Opening, adoption of agenda, meeting arrangements and assignment of rapporteurs

The Small Tunas Species Group Rapporteur and the SCRS Vice Chair opened the meeting and welcomed the participants (the Subcommittee). The Assistant Executive Secretary also welcomed the participants and wished them a successful meeting. The Chair then proceeded to review the agenda, which was adopted with a few changes (**Appendix 1**). The list of participants is in **Appendix 2**. The list of documents presented at the meeting is included in **Appendix 3**. Summaries of the documents and presentations are available in **Appendix 4**.

Rapporteurs were assigned as follows:

Section Name

1	N.G. Taylor
2	C. Mayor, J. García
3.1	R. Lechuga
3.2	D. Angueko, G. Hajjej
3.3	J. Viñas
3.4	M. Narváez-Ruiz
4	T. Frédou, L.G. Cardoso
5	F. Frédou, C. Diaha, L.G. Cardoso
6	C. Diaha, L. Gustavo; M. Neves dos Santos
7.1	C. Diaha
7.2	M. Neves dos Santos
7.3	T. Frédou, N.G. Taylor
8	M. Neves dos Santos

2. Review of fisheries statistics

The Group reviewed the most recent fisheries statistics and biological data available in the ICCAT database system (ICCAT-DB) for the main small tuna species (**Table 1**), including Task 1 (T1NC: Nominal Catches) and Task 2 data (T2CE: Catch and Effort, T2SZ: Size Frequency Samples, T2CS: Catch-at-Size Estimations). The SCRS catalogues on Task 1 and Task 2 data availability for small tuna species for the period 1994 to 2023 are presented in **Appendix 5**. The most up to date conventional tagging information of small tuna species was also reviewed by the Group.

The ICCAT Secretariat presented documents SCRS/P/2025/044 and SCRS/P/2025/045, which provide consolidated overviews of the above datasets (Task 1/Task 2 and tagging, respectively) and describe the respective tools designed to facilitate the visualization and exploration of these datasets.

2.1 Task 1 (catches) data and spatial distribution of catches

Task 1 nominal catch estimates (T1NC) adopted by the Group for the major small tuna species by year are presented in **Table 2** and **Figure 1**. To complement the presentation of T1NC, two Excel files were provided: one containing nominal catches (landings and dead discards), and the other containing live discards. In addition, the T1NC dashboard - developed in line with the 2021 SCRS recommendation - was made available to the Group to facilitate exploration of the T1NC dataset.

The total catch by weight for small tuna species in the T1NC dataset between 1950 and 2023 (**Table 2**) represents, on average, about 16% of the total nominal catches of all species. Within the small tunas, BON (*Sarda sarda*), LTA (*Euthynnus alletteratus*), FRI (*Auxis thazard*), KGM (*Scomberomorus cavalla*), and SSM (*Scomberomorus maculatus*) account for the largest share, while CER (*Scomberomorus regalis*) and BOP (*Orcynopsis unicolor*) remain negligible.

The ICCAT Secretariat informed the Group that some minor improvements have been made over the past two years in reducing the proportion of unclassified gears (UN) in the reported catches of small tuna species (**Figure 2**). Historically, a large portion of the reported catches prior to 2006 continue to fall under the unclassified gear (UN) category, a standing issue not fully addressed by the various CPCs fishing for small tuna species. Among the identified fishing gears purse seine (PS) is the most frequently reported for these species, followed by longline (LL) and gillnet (GN). Another relevant aspect is the distinction between reported and SCRS-estimated T1NC data over the years, as shown in **Figure 3**.

The Group reviewed the catch data for the period 1994–2023 for each of the species, identifying potential gaps. It also noted an unusual peak in catches of BLF in 2023, a sharp decline in catches of CER starting in 1999, and a significant drop in catches of COM (*Scomberomorus commerson*) since 2020. The Group reiterated that small tuna fisheries statistics for the period 1950–2023 are still largely incomplete and lack proper gear discrimination.

The Group discussed whether fisheries not targeting ICCAT species, but which catch small tuna species as bycatch, should be reported. It concluded that these types of fishing activities within the Convention area also contribute to the fishing mortality of the 13 major small tuna species, and therefore these catches (landings and dead discards) must be reported regardless of whether they are targeted or caught incidentally.

Document SCRS/P/2025/046 reviewed the current state of fisheries in São Tomé e Príncipe - focusing on small tunas - covering national context, fisheries structure, recent catch data, and capacity - building efforts, while highlighting data discrepancies and limited analytical capacity for biological samples.

Document SCRS/2025/123 updated on the Moroccan coastal fleet targeting BON in southern Atlantic waters, reporting a significant increase in fishing effort, high CPUE in recent years, and size data indicating a healthy, adult-dominated population structure.

The presenter clarified that the fishery targeting BON operates year-round without marked seasonality, following a relatively linear pattern throughout the year. It was also noted that catches of LTA are scarce in the Dakhla area.

2.2 Task 2 catch/effort and size data

Task 2 catch and effort (T2CE) and Task 2 size information (T2SZ) availability for all the small tuna species between 1994 and 2023, were presented in the SCRS catalogues (**Appendix 5**). Detailed catalogues and datasets for both T2CE and T2SZ were also made available during the meeting. Detailed catalogues with important metadata and characteristics allow CPC scientists to verify dataset characteristics like time and geographical stratification.

During the presentation of the T2CE catalogue, the ICCAT Secretariat pointed out several aspects affecting data quality, including the cases of datasets with high time-area aggregation levels. One issue concerns the temporal resolution of some datasets, which were reported at the annual or quarterly level despite T2CE and T2SZ datasets being required by the SCRS to be reported at monthly resolution. It was also noted that several datasets use large spatial grids (e.g.: 5x10 and 10x10), that is, lower spatial resolutions outside the minimum standards required by the SCRS for the different gear types (squares of 5x5 degrees or better for longline; squares of 1x1 degree or better for surface and the remainder gears).

The Group reviewed the information available in the SCRS catalogues and noted that Task 2 data, both T2CE and T2SZ, the majority of small tunas datasets remain incomplete. Additionally, the SCRS catalogues also show that several CPC catch series of small tunas (species/stock/flag/gear combinations in the period 1994-2023) have some years with Task 2 information (T2CE and/or T2SZ) but lack the respective annual catch (T1NC). Both problems should be addressed by the respective CPCs with the support of the ICCAT Secretariat.

2.3 Tagging data

The ICCAT Secretariat presented a summary of the ICCAT conventional tagging data on small tunas (SCRS/P/2025/045), which already includes the tagging activities carried out during the Atlantic Ocean Tropical Tuna Tagging Programme (AOTTP). The ICCAT Secretariat also presented the dashboard of small tunas on conventional tagging, aimed to dynamically explore and interact with this tagging information (releases, recoveries, apparent movement, etc.). All this information is published on the [ICCAT website](#) (under the tab Statistics/Access to Statistics DB/Tagging/Conventional tagging/other species/small tunas).

The small tuna species conventional tagging summary information is presented in **Table 3** and **Figures 4(A), 4(B)** and **4(C)** (3 maps) following the standard formats normally presented to the SCRS. The same maps by species are presented in **Figure 5** (species grid and three map types: density releases, density recoveries and apparent movement).

The Group noted that conventional tagging to date has remained low for small tuna. Particularly for important species such as FRI and BLT, with abundant catches in many regions of ICCAT area, few individuals have been tagged (**Table 3**), presumably associated with opportunistic tagging activities.

Fisheries indicators (including length data analysis)

Document SCRS/2025/127 presents standardized catch per unit effort (CPUE) estimates for WAH bycatch in the Venezuelan industrial longline fishery (1993–2023), showing a generally increasing trend with a recent dip, based on a Generalized Additive Mixed Model (GAMM) analysis of over 104,000 sets and supported by size data from the national observer program.

The Group noted a decreasing trend in the size of WAH specimens sampled during the final years of the time series, which extends up to 2013. The authors committed to investigating this issue further, to determine whether the observed pattern is related to a reduced number of samples or to another factors.

3. Review of available and new information on biology and other life history information of small tunas

3.1 Age and growth

Document SCRS/2025/114 presented the growth parameters of WAH in Atlantic Ocean were estimated based on dorsal fin spines and otoliths. The von Bertalanffy growth model was considered the best fit to the paired data for both ageing structures. For spines, the resulting growth equation was $FL = 155.13 (1 - \exp(-0.515(t+0.54)))$. For otoliths, the growth equation was $FL = 179.68 (1 - \exp(-0.19(t+3.06)))$. The author confirmed that no further samples are required for age analysis of the species.

Presentation SCRS/P/2025/047 provided the ageing study for BLT using dorsal spines based on previous genetic discrimination. It was suggested that for spines structures, 1.0 CW distances are the best to do the transverse section for this species. Growth parameters were presented for frequentist and Bayesian analyses fitting the von Bertalanffy function to the length-at-age data. It was suggested samples from other geographical areas to be incorporated to improve the coverage of study.

The possibility of using body shape to differentiate between *Auxis spp.* was discussed. It was confirmed that this line of research is currently being conducted for *Auxis spp.* and LTA. It was clarified that spines were easier to extract and more suitable for age analysis of *Auxis spp.*, BON and LTA, while otoliths can be used for shape analysis to differentiate between species or stocks. However, otolith shape analysis for stock identification purposes is limited by extraction difficulties. The analysis of body shape (i.e. geometric

morphometrics) may be pursued instead. It was also explained that the *Auxis spp.* samples analyzed in this work come exclusively from Portuguese waters, as they were collected before the species became a target of study by the Small Tunas Species Group.

3.2 Reproduction and maturity (including a summary of the 2024 workshop)

Document SCRS/2025/122 reported on the Workshop on reproductive biology of small tunas, held at the laboratory of the Spanish Institute of Oceanography (*Instituto Español de Oceanografía*, IEO-CSIC) in Málaga, Spain. The main objective of the workshop was to identify and validate the microscopic maturity scale for studying the reproductive biology of different tuna species at both macroscopic and microscopic levels. During this work the maturity scales available were examined and a reference document for this purpose was produced. Capacity building on laboratory gonad processing and microscopic determination of maturity stages were also carried out.

It was noted that during the workshop, an update of the samples collected as part of the Small Tuna Year Programme (SMTYP) was made. Furthermore, gaps and needs were also identified according to research areas, species and region. Recommendations were made concerning sample costs, in particular for WAH.

Presentation SCRS/P/2025/052 provided a preliminary analysis of some biological parameters of MAW landed in the main artisanal fishing landing point of Libreville (Gabon) from 313 samples collected from June 2020 to July 2021. Examination of the non-linear regression curve showed negative allometry. Examination of the gonadosomatic index and macroscopic examination of gonad maturity stages would indicate two reproductive periods in Gabonese waters.

Due to the observations of a similar pattern in spatial distribution for the species in other regions, the Group wanted to understand if there were seasonal migrations in the study area.

3.3 Genetics (species and stock differentiation)

Document SCRS/2025/119 presented a comprehensive genetic study of BON, revealing significant geographic population structure across its range, and recommended that the tropical eastern Atlantic stock, be managed separately due to clear genetic differentiation.

Several key points emerged during the discussion, including a clear need for additional sampling of both BON and LTA to better define the boundaries of their putative stocks, particularly in the eastern/Levantine Sea, and for BON specifically in the Aegean, Marmara, and Black Seas.

The potential species differentiation within LTA was also addressed, with emphasis on the importance of morphometric and meristic data to support this hypothesis. While cryptic speciation was proposed as a possible explanation, it was also noted that the two distinct LTA stocks exhibit consistently different patterns of growth and reproductive behaviour, further supporting the possibility of biological divergence.

3.4 Other

Document SCRS/2025/116 suggested that rising sea temperatures and expanded citizen science reporting have revealed a plausible and possibly increasing presence of WAH in the Mediterranean, prompting calls for systematic monitoring to assess its potential establishment under climate change.

The Group noted that additional samples for small tunas species in this area would be helpful.

Document SCRS/P/2025/051 provided an overview of PROATUM (Sustainable Management of Brazilian Tuna Fisheries), a four-year (2025–2028) multi-institutional initiative aimed at securing the ecological and socio-economic sustainability of Brazil's tuna and tuna-like fisheries. Eight integrated working groups are tasked with rebuilding the national catch and biological databases, refining life-history parameters, conducting comprehensive stock assessments and Management Strategy Evaluations, mapping bycatch and spatial conflicts, and translating scientific findings into updated regulations aligned with national and ICCAT frameworks.

The Group underlined the importance of stakeholder engagement from the outset of the marine spatial planning process to ensure effective outcomes. The author confirmed that this participatory approach is already being implemented within the project.

Presentation SCRS/P/2025/050 provided seasonal data on CPUE and length-frequency distributions for LTA in the Egyptian Mediterranean by purse seiner.

The Group expressed concern over the reported CPUE values, or potential inconsistencies in the calculation and/or reporting of CPUE data. The authors clarified their calculation methods, noting that the figures represent preliminary data. The Group encouraged further research to improve data collection and ensure data consistency.

4. Plan to apply Data Poor Methods for future development of management advice

The SCRS Vice-Chair, who acted as one of the instructors of the First ICCAT Workshop on Data Limited Assessment Methods for Small Tunas (Madrid, Spain, 9-12 May 2023), provided an overview of the main aspects to be considered aiming at the application of these stock assessment models to small tunas.

The Group discussed how to apply data limited stock assessment frameworks to ICCAT small tunas, stressing the need to build on the capacity developed during the 2023 and the 2024 ICCAT Workshop on data limited assessment Methods for Small tunas (Madrid, Spain, 10-13 Sept 2024) related workshops.

Following the small tunas workpan, it was discussed that one or two species will be selected in September 2025 for assessment in 2027, based on a set of criteria such as: data availability, life-history information, and the socio-economic importance of the fisheries. This draft selection will be made during informal meetings to be held before September 2025, aiming to make a Group decision during the next Small Tunas Species Group meeting. In 2026, a group of experts will be working together to evaluate whether the available data and life-history parameters are sufficient to assess the selected species/stocks. The Group also agreed that the first stock assessment of a small tuna species would be tentatively scheduled for 2027.

5. Small Tunas Year Programme (SMTYP)

5.1 Update on programed activities for 2025

Document SCRS/2025/121 presented the progress of the Small Tunas Year Programme (SMTYP), along with its ongoing activities. This included data on the number of species samples over the years by sampling area and the quantity of biological samples collected (muscles, spines, otoliths, and gonads). Additionally, size distributions per species and sampling area were also presented.

The discussion focused on how to improve coordination. The Group hypothesized that insufficient communication between the members of the Consortium might be contributing to the low sampling achievements. Therefore, it requested improving coordination and required full commitment by the Consortium members, to achieve the goals of the annual contract and conclude the ongoing studies according to the workplan timeline.

The Group recommended that the sampling protocols be strictly followed, aiming to ensure the quality of the samples is kept and properly preserved. The Group also discussed the new samples to be collected in 2025, highlighting that due to the limited available time, it is essential that every CPCs that can contribute to this cooperative and coordinated effort become engaged in these tasks of sample collection to fill the current gaps.

5.2 Plan for future SMTYP activities in 2026 and beyond

Presentation SCRS/P/2025/049 provided a review and perspectives of the small tuna research program. The presentation highlighted the key points in the data collection, after a thorough review of the available samples and achieved results.

The Group agreed that future activities shall focus on continuing to fill data gaps for up to two more years, aiming to conclude the ongoing studies by 2027. The different research areas (reproduction, age and growth, and genetics) will be spread out to ensure good progress in various aspects.

6. Recommendations

General recommendations

The work of the Group was hampered by the late submission of nearly all documents and presentations. The Group recommended that the submission deadline for documents and presentations be enforced by the SCRS while taking into consideration the need to have some flexibility on a case-by-case basis. In addition, SCRS officers should also assess if submitted documents are relevant for the issues to be discussed in their meetings. Documents considered not to be relevant may not be accepted.

The Group recommended that SCRS continue to invest in building capacity on fundamental stock assessment concepts and the practical application of assessment models. Strengthening this foundational knowledge across CPCs is essential to ensure broader and more effective participation in SCRS activities, particularly in support of assessments for data-limited stocks and in enhancing the understanding of how scientific advice is developed and provided to the Commission.

Recommendations on statistics

The Group reiterated its concerns regarding the persistent data gaps in the ICCAT fisheries statistics database for small tuna. Particularly, the Group expressed concerns that small tuna catches, although having a very high social importance as a source of protein for coastal communities, are systematically under reported to ICCAT. This fact is due to many reasons that makes their monitoring very challenging, including: the artisanal nature of many fisheries; the wide geographical dispersion and remoteness of landing sites; the limited coverage or absence of national monitoring programs, which frequently prioritize species of higher commercial value; the lack of technical expertise in species identification and sampling protocols; and insufficient ICCAT funding available to assist developing countries in strengthening their monitoring systems. Considering these challenges, the Group recommended:

- Scheduling a dedicated discussion to explore strategies for addressing this issue, with the goal of developing a long-term plan to improve small tuna fisheries data collection in the Mediterranean, particularly along the northern African coast and in Eastern Atlantic region.
- SCRS scientists proceed with data recovery/data-mining activities and present the results as SCRS documents to the Small Tunas Species Group and the Subcommittee on Statistics, aiming to improve the planned activities related to the upcoming stock assessments.

Although increased sampling for BON and LTA could confirm putative stock boundaries, the available genetic results show a distinction between specimens collected in an area between the north of Senegal and the Gulf of Guinea (i.e., Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon and São Tomé e Príncipe areas) and those collected in the North-eastern Atlantic and the Mediterranean Sea. These results shall be brought to the attention of the Subcommittee on Statistics to discuss potential new stock boundaries.

Recommendations on biological studies

In addition to the genetic analysis, further analysis on shape/morphology, growth, size distribution and reproduction of samples collected off mainland Portugal, Mediterranean Sea and the Equatorial area, should be collated in support of BLT and FRI species differentiation.

7. Other matters

7.1 Draft workplan for 2026

The Group extensively discussed the workplan for 2026 and beyond, which envisaged the development of four key activities:

- 1) Biological studies, the Group will continue the ongoing studies, aiming to conclude those related to BON, LTA, WAH, BLT and FRI by the end of 2027, noting that the collection of gonadal samples shall be collected monthly, unlike the other biological samples for the age and growth and genetic components.
- 2) Continue a crucial routine activity that involves updating the biological metadata base, which will ensure the continuous actualization of biological information.
- 3) Data mining and recovery efforts are anticipated to significantly enhance the quality of existing statistical data.
- 4) Develop stock assessment, by applying data-limited methods to selected stocks/species in 2027 and 2029.

The above initiatives will contribute to streamline data management, improve the accuracy of biological insights, with the objective of conducting stock assessments, with the aim to provide robust scientific advice to the Commission on the conservation and management of small tunas.

The Group developed a draft of the workplan for 2026 and beyond and agreed to review it during the September 2025 Small Tunas Species Group meeting.

7.2 New rules regarding the requests related to science funding

The ICCAT Secretariat provided the background for the new rules related to SCRS science funding requests that should be followed by the Group while drafting the Recommendations with financial implications. This included an overview of the available funding and use made by the Small Tunas Species Group between 2020 and 2024. It was explained that the “Explanatory note on the draft ICCAT budget for financial year XXXX”, which is annually prepared by the ICCAT Secretariat and discussed during the annual meeting of the Commission aiming the approval of the regular budget, shall now include much more information regarding the science budget, including among others: i) a general overview on the use of funds made available over the previous 5 years; ii) the balance of the science budget; iii) clear description and justification on the activities to be developed, together with thorough estimates of the associated funding requests; iv) the rationale for those activities that are planned for multi-years; and, v) that the funding requests to be estimated for the upcoming two biennial cycles of the Commission regular budget, and compiled in the budget table template developed by the ICCAT Secretariat.

Accordingly, a new template has been developed by the ICCAT Secretariat to be filled by the SCRS subsidiary bodies, while drafting their recommendations with financial recommendations. However, since the first draft of the Explanatory note on the draft ICCAT budget for financial year 2025 is due by late June, it would be essential that Chairs/rapporteurs provide a tentative list of activities and estimates of associated cost by major line of activity as detailed in the table below in advance.

An EXCEL file has also been made available by the ICCAT Secretariat to allow more thorough estimates related to travel and subsistence costs, that should be used by the SCRS to estimate costs associated with the invitation of experts and/or instructors to meetings and workshops.

Although the final budget will be approved at the September 2025 Species Group meeting, a tentative budget was reviewed by the Group.

The Group was informed that the SCRS Science Strategic Plan Ad Hoc Drafting Group will be working intersessionally to advance the drafting of the 2026-2031 SCRS Science Strategic Plan for review at the SCRS Science Strategic Plan meeting (9-11 July 2025). The SCRS Chair reminded the Group that all Species Groups have been asked to develop 6-year plans within their research programs, in parallel with the Strategic Plan

development, to encourage strategic research planning and facilitate collaborative efforts across Species Groups. He suggested that the budget table template could serve as a good format for 6-year research plan summary tables, as well, since the headings included are comprehensive, and new rows could be added under each heading for separate research projects. This would also greatly facilitate synchronizing the budget template for the funding requests with the strategic research plans.

7.3 Others matters

Presentation SCRS/P/2025/042 provided a study examining interactions between ICCAT species and non-ICCAT artisanal fisheries in southern Tunisia, with a focus on the use of trammel nets and gillnets. Small tunas were rarely observed; however, the lack of data from their peak fishing season limits the ability to draw firm conclusions. The Group requested more detailed information on fishing effort and emphasized the importance of collecting catch length composition data. The Group also suggested that the authors share the finalized results of this analysis at the upcoming small tunas meeting.

It was further noted that, where possible, biological sampling of the species would be valuable to support future assessments. While it is the responsibility of CPCs to conduct biological sampling and to provide such information, the Group discussed the broader need for a comprehensive survey of artisanal fisheries along the Mediterranean coast to explore actions for evaluating small tuna catches and their significance as a local food source.

Presentation SCRS/P/2025/048 described a modelling approach used to reconstruct trends in mean length and to simulate length distributions of small tunas, correcting for biases arising from fishing pressure and environmental variability. When applied to Brazilian fisheries, the method revealed a general decline in mean lengths and demonstrated strong consistency with traditional simulations, offering a practical tool for stock assessments in data-limited contexts.

The Group inquired about the geographic scope of the data used in the analysis and it was clarified that only national data were included. The absence of bullet tuna in the results was attributed to limited data availability and possible species misidentification. The Group welcomed the intention to provide updated catch data, noting that Brazil will review the published catch estimates and update the data if necessary. The Group also proposed that the methodology be presented to the Working Group on Stock Assessment Methods (WGSAM) for further review.

8. Adoption of the report and closure

The report was adopted during the meeting. The Chair thanked all the participants for their efforts, the EU (*Instituto Português do Mar e da Atmosfera*, IPMA, Portugal) for hosting the meeting and the ICCAT Secretariat for its support. The meeting was adjourned.

Table 1. List of small tuna species in ICCAT-DB.

SpeciesCode	ScieName	NameEN	NameFR	NameES	Author
BLF	<i>Thunnus atlanticus</i>	Blackfin tuna	Thon à nageoires noires	Atún des aletas negras	(Lesson 1831)
BLT	<i>Auxis rochei</i>	Bullet tuna	Bonitou	Melva(=Melvera)	(Risso 1810)
BON	<i>Sarda sarda</i>	Atlantic bonito	Bonite à dos rayé	Bonito del Atlántico	(Bloch 1793)
BOP	<i>Orcynopsis unicolor</i>	Plain bonito	Palomette	Tasarte	(Geoffroy St. Hilaire 1817)
BRS	<i>Scomberomorus brasiliensis</i>	Serra Spanish mackerel	Thazard serra	Serra	Collette, Russo & Zavala-Camin 1978
CER	<i>Scomberomorus regalis</i>	Cero	Thazard franc	Carite chinigua	(Bloch 1793)
COM	<i>Scomberomorus commerson</i>	Narrow-barred Spanish mackerel	Thazard rayé indo-pacifique	Carite estriado Indo-Pacífico	(Lacepède 1800)
FRI	<i>Auxis thazard</i>	Frigate tuna	Auxide	Melva	(Lacepède 1800)
KGM	<i>Scomberomorus cavalla</i>	King mackerel	Thazard barré	Carite lucio	(Cuvier 1829)
LTA	<i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i>	Little tunny(=Atl.black skipj)	Thonine commune	Bacoreta	(Rafinesque 1810)
MAW	<i>Scomberomorus tritor</i>	West African Spanish mackerel	Thazard blanc	Carite lusitánico	(Cuvier 1832)
SSM	<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>	Atlantic Spanish mackerel	Thazard atlantique	Carite atlántico	(Mitchill 1815)
WAH	<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>	Wahoo	Thazard-bâtard	Peto	(Cuvier 1832)

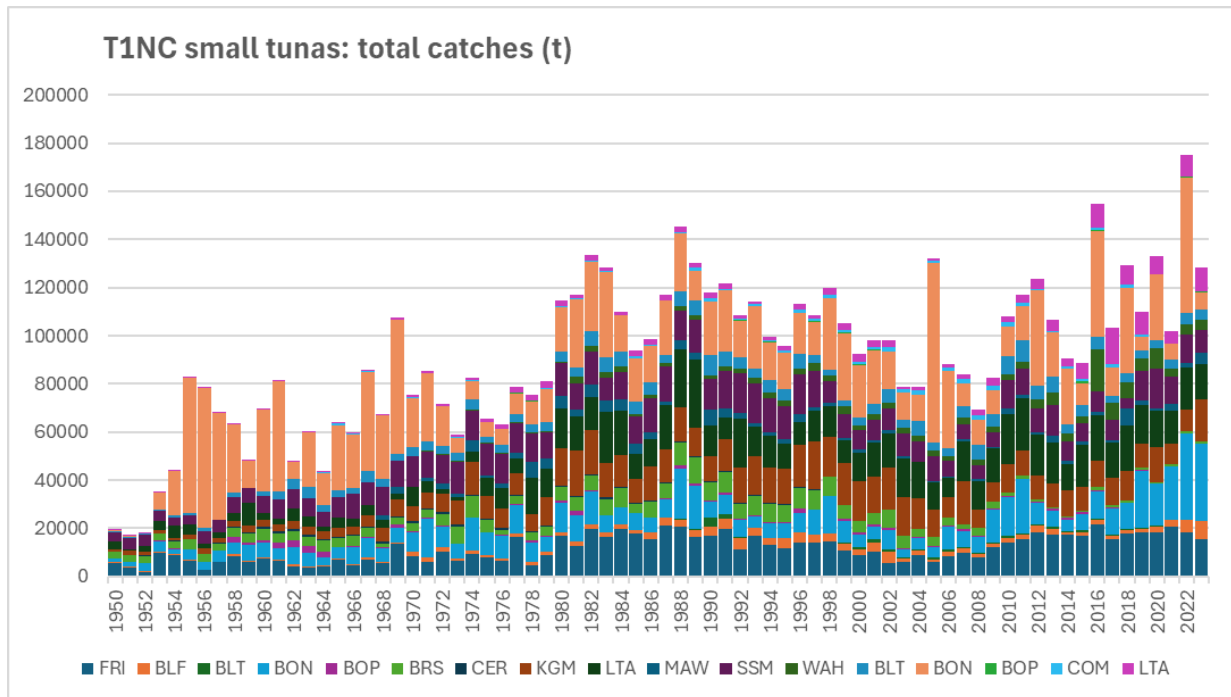
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Table 2. Overall Task 1 nominal catches (T1NC, t) of major small tuna species, by species, area, and year.

	2-Tuna (small)																	
	ATL													MED				
Year	FRI	BLF	BLT	BON	BOP	BRS	CER	KGM	LTA	MAW	SSM	WAH	BLT	BON	BOP	COM	LTA	
1950	5527	300		1458	100	3000	100	961	3136	0	3583		751	483			156	
1951	3801	300		1727	100	3000	100	1645	669	0	4726		424	413			251	
1952	1900	300		3334	100	3000	100	1393	2539	0	4858		212	327			14	
1953	9798	300		4486	400	2900	100	1506	3335	0	4251		794	6795			44	
1954	8734	400		2037	400	3200	100	1238	4936	0	3585		689	18436			135	
1955	6665	100		4270	400	3900	300	1617	4250	0	3845		1072	56207			60	
1956	2618	300		3166	200	2900	300	2090	2059	0	5127		1392	58178			94	
1957	5924	100		4799	100	2700	300	2022	2236	0	5410		32	44127			22	
1958	8640	500		4769	2700	3434	500	2313	3359	0	6811		1729	28626			47	
1959	6104	600		6331	1000	3742	700	2472	9660	0	6005		90	11530			11	
1960	7279	600		6366	1000	4479	800	2993	3000	0	7118		1540	34361			13	
1961	6453	400		4868	2200	4042	600	3199	2452	0	7672		3609	45812			24	
1962	4185	700		7285	3000	3842	600	3346	5089	0	8355		3893	7527			31	
1963	3568	788		5349	3100	3842	500	3770	3968	0	7835		4310	22837			18	
1964	4022	776		3342	2300	4496	600	3387	1653	0	6148		2801	13489		102	48	
1965	6888	712		4374	216	3796	600	3787	4078	0	8717		2604	27004	1	804	42	
1966	4477	662		7023	339	4205	600	3545	3274	0	10016		2765	22113	1	504	27	
1967	6972	896		7942	684	3813	600	4558	3978	0	9783		4628	41206	48	303	38	
1968	5500	683		5679	228	1667	600	6055	3003	1800	12012	100	3139	26268	4	102	168	
1969	13416	753		6065	1341	2926	500	6788	2599	2700	11180		2793	55612	3	102	951	
1970	8185	1952		8002	806	3368	500	6589	7676	200	12484	378	3383	20681	3	102	960	
1971	6209	1875		15692	683	3154	800	6520	4838	1300	10713	381	4107	28230	7	31	866	
1972	10180	1895		8754	310	4810	800	7465	2237	2100	11956	381	3478	16225	6	223	904	
1973	6641	936		6069	102	6946	780	9917	1542	1600	13093	280	3569	6254	3	344	1061	
1974	9582	1062		13679	143	8750	619	13789	4196	4713	12226	391	4354	7693	7	181	1304	
1975	7886	815		9571	84	5039	620	9290	7649	1140	13058	326	2644	6033		140	1394	
1976	6457	1026		9490	212	2272	565	8442	8373	1901	12307	379	3290	6498		146	2028	
1977	16611	1251		11977	321	3188	629	8960	5844	2572	12218	393	3404	8697	135	239	2500	
1978	4776	1341		7854	817	3484	698	6944	15129	6716	11528	452	3567	9417	153	211	2504	
1979	8868	1205		6485	464	3722	586	11593	11803	4167	10899	760	3707	13485	28	688	2870	
1980	16960	1175		12568	698	5617	604	15797	16440	4921	13945	610	3952	18546	0	239	2774	
1981	12759	1973		10879	1448	5841	628	18692	14160	2742	11164	2920	3677	28167	0	332	1446	
1982	19755	1941		13456	584	6019	687	18352	13723	5311	13633	2280	6043	28937		296	2480	
1983	16662	1738		6998	38	6632	677	14607	21018	4689	9574	2366	5820	35552		305	1561	
1984	19746	1908		6918	49	8129	680	13182	18410	4482	11362	2159	6337	15058		11	1650	
1985	17753	1403		7149	124	3501	574	9964	10625	3941	11590	920	5240	17959	9	912	2040	
1986	15478	2822		6163	86	6549	500	13990	11225	3180	14207	1151	5057	15428	1	527	2166	
1987	21193	3462		7370	538	6212	392	13792	18070	1721	14461	1235	3739	22317	26	256	2424	
1988	20573	3093	357	20733	1474	9510	219	14331	23836	3811	12671	1635	6126	24028	8	681	2405	
1989	16411	2834	723	17671	1109	10778	234	12153	28257	2808	13845	1527	6387	11955	7	1577	2035	
1990	16738	3888	3634	6811	436	7698	225	10420	12772	6629	12782	1498	8360	22097	37	1393	2617	
1991	19674	4202	2171	8079	507	8856	375	13241	9120	3746	15318	1721	6606	25255	101	405	2315	
1992	11425	4353	814	6881	465	6051	390	14691	20607	2423	16285	1835	4900	15111	176	463	1755	
1993	16797	3535	70	4531	378	8049	450	16331	11872	1723	16317	2671	3350	25997	252	770	1258	
1994	13332	2719	100	6037	615	7161	490	14777	13202	1278	14490	2143	5200	15682	176	688	1197	
1995	11816	4051	0	6030	588	7006	429	14930	10381	1953	13697	2408	4301	15189	115	1081	1894	
1996	13871	4488		7939	2064	8435	280	17782	9453	2910	16571	2516	5909	17195	132	1398	2116	
1997	13980	3258	0	10340	254	8004	251	19815	12804	1475	15403	3104	3070	14078	227	1032	1601	
1998	14332	3395	28	15523	47	7923	251	16394	12804	1496	8877	2497	2281	29730	130	1164	2914	
1999	10589	3203	263	9143	651	5754	1	17717	9407	971	9837	2972	2383	28170	217	1110	2876	
2000	8680	2483	902	5179	1062	4785	4	16342	11830	1321	8220	2035	3010	21972	145	1007	3489	
2001	10151	4034	1236	5400	858	4553	6	15408	13955	881	8383	2318	4559	22237	154	1166	2988	
2002	5742	4756	626	8208	786	7750	1	17258	14080	1393	9414	2226	5416	15717	137	1941	2643	
2003	6108	1303	353	3307	713	5137	2	15863	16329	646	9793	2067	3441	11117	23	1769	684	
2004	8832	1926	401	4584	573	3410	1	12830	14918	352	8119	2613	5823	11248	8	1634	1439	
2005	6154	1031	719	4391	215	3712	1	11766	10873	480	10472	2467	3513	74376	2	1033	1042	
2006	8429	1937	889	9648	32	3587	1	8252	8320	571	6308	1829	3344	32303		1101	1808	
2007	9789	1927	602	6381	875	2253	0	17936	16472	847	6118	2581	5015	9247	172	1622	1911	
2008	7861	1669	334	6772	426	3305	0	7344	11954	616	5900	2176	6491	10042	107	1861	2259	
2009	12384	1442	484	13691	442	2681	0	7826	14170	684	6199	2354	5072	10019	6	1932	2957	
2010	14215	1837	746	16338	273	1590	0	11697	20910	2384	11788	2381	7206	12584	14	1670	2170	
2011	15471	2083	507	22341	335	1055	2	10452	21679	1333	10916	2844	8977	14442	42	987	3668	
2012	18287	2849	515	8959	657	613	0	10151	16679	1128	10156	3729	5719	39321	24	645	4186	
2013	17597	2134	1158	6482	641	853	0	9712	17010	3016	12684	5235	6494	18365	21	540	4633	
2014	17149	1152	367	4640	939	698	1	11039	10619	1460	7798	3526	3549	23352	13	752	3605	
2015	17074	1306	755	6712	1161	389	1	9913	17456	1242	7741	2554	4816	8993	1078	828	6574	
2016	21814	1920	467	10930	743	1124	0	10838	19097	1489	8669	17320	5253	43938	62	1089	9788	
2017	15703	1368	232	10959	522	1032	1	11257	14338	1286	8332	6881	3116	11798	38	1183	15147	
2018	17755	1557																

Table 3. Number of small tunas' specimens on the ICCAT conventional tagging database (ICCAT historical and AOTTP program) released and recovered.

	<i>Releases</i>			<i>Recoveries</i>		
	ICCAT	AOTTP	TOTAL	ICCAT	AOTTP	TOTAL
FRI (<i>Auxis thazard</i>)	108	1	109		1	1
BLF (<i>Thunnus atlanticus</i>)	2211	7	2218	96	2	98
BLT (<i>Auxis rochei</i>)	28		28	14		14
BON (<i>Sarda sarda</i>)	642	10	652	51		51
CER (<i>Scomberomorus regalis</i>)	10		10	1		1
KGM (<i>Scomberomorus cavalla</i>)	24628		24628	1264		1264
LTA (<i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i>)	2262	7933	10195	47	715	762
SSM (<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>)	1937		1937	2		2
WAH (<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>)	174	282	456	1	3	4
Totals	32000	8233	40233	1476	721	2197

**Figure 1.** Total small tuna catches (t) in Task 1 (T1NC) by species and year.

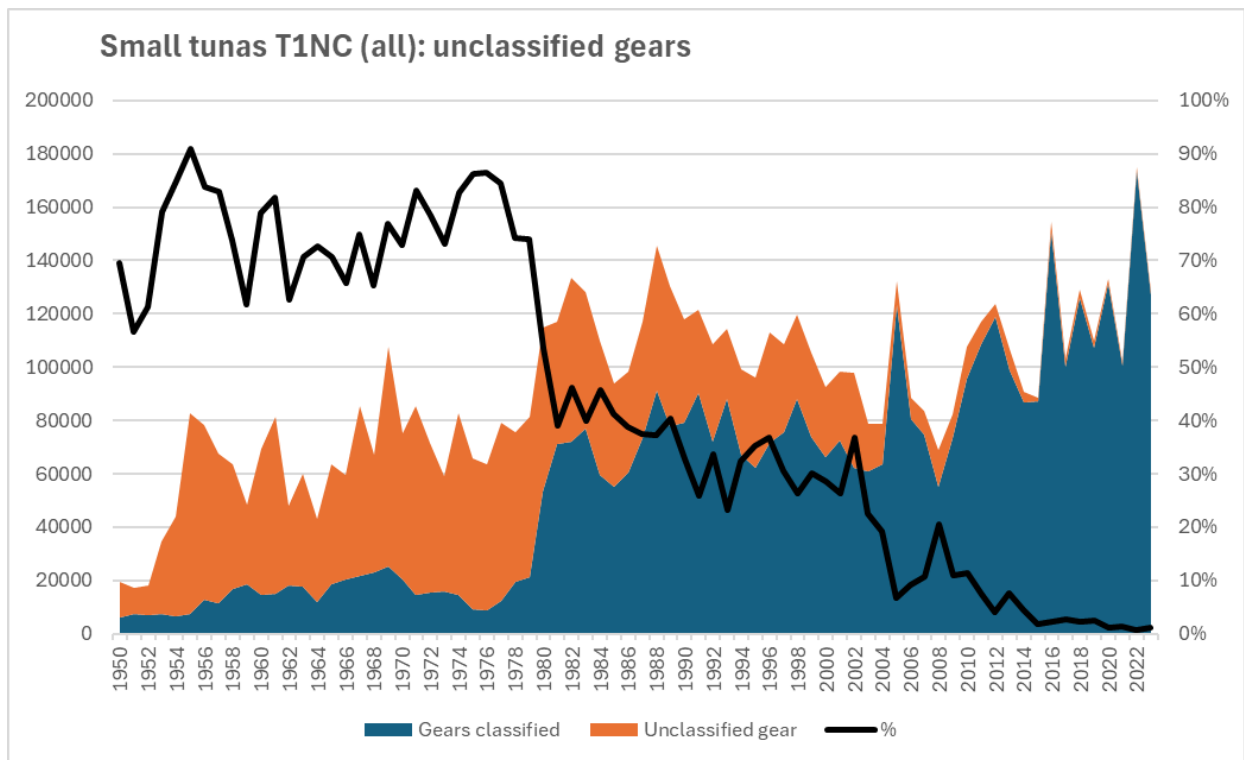


Figure 2. Total small tuna catches (t) with and without gear (UN: unclassified/unknown) by year. The ratio (%) of unclassified gears is shown in the right axis (black line series).

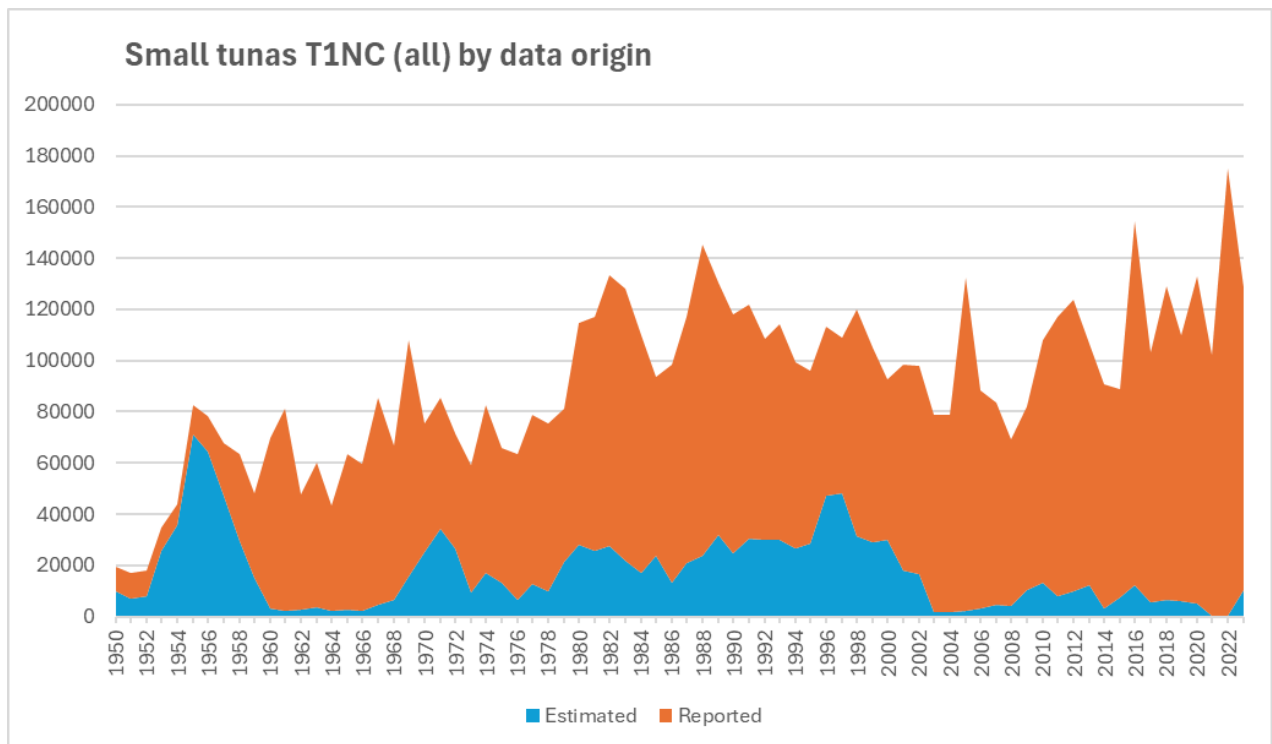


Figure 3. Total small tuna catches (t) in Task 1 (T1NC) by data origin and year. The data origin was classified in two categories: reported by CPCs and SCRS estimations (including carry overs). Historically unknown origin of T1NC records (1950-1969, with QualInfoCode = “UNKN”) were classified as “Reported”.

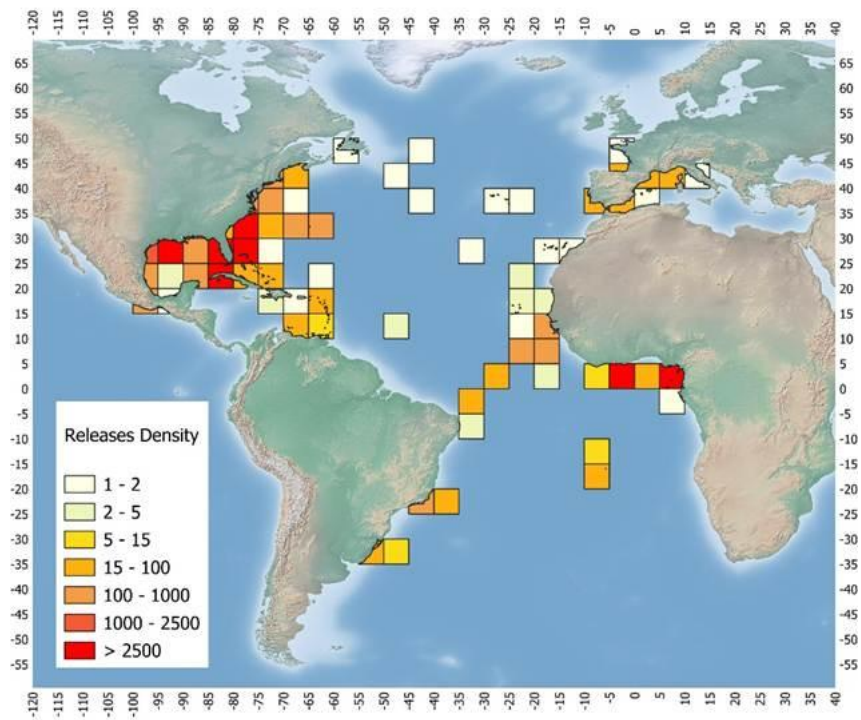


Figure 4. (A) density of the release positions at 5x5 lat lon grids in ICCAT conventional tagging on small tunas (including AOTTP).

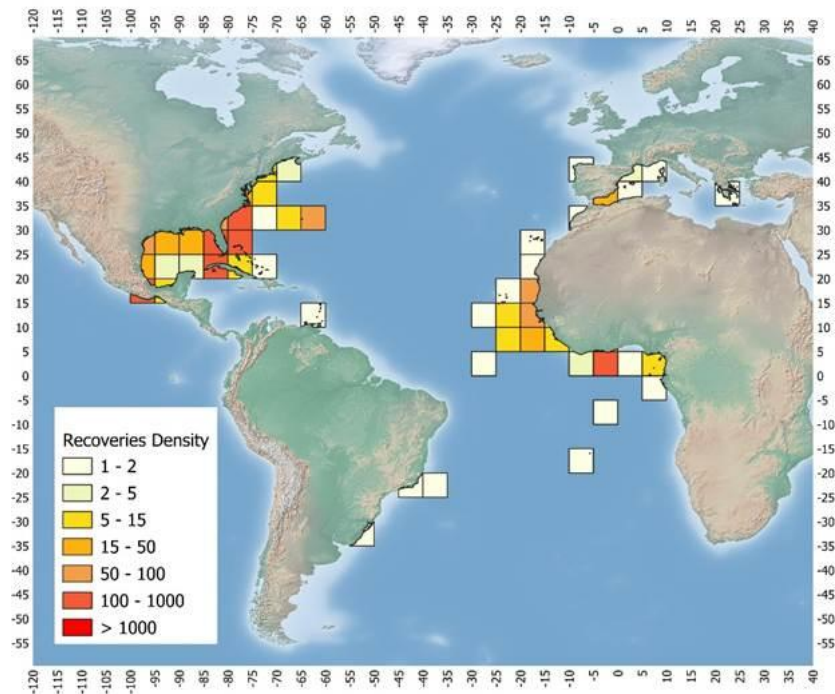


Figure 4. (B) Density of the recovery positions at 5x5 lat lon grids in ICCAT conventional tagging on small tunas (including AOTTP).

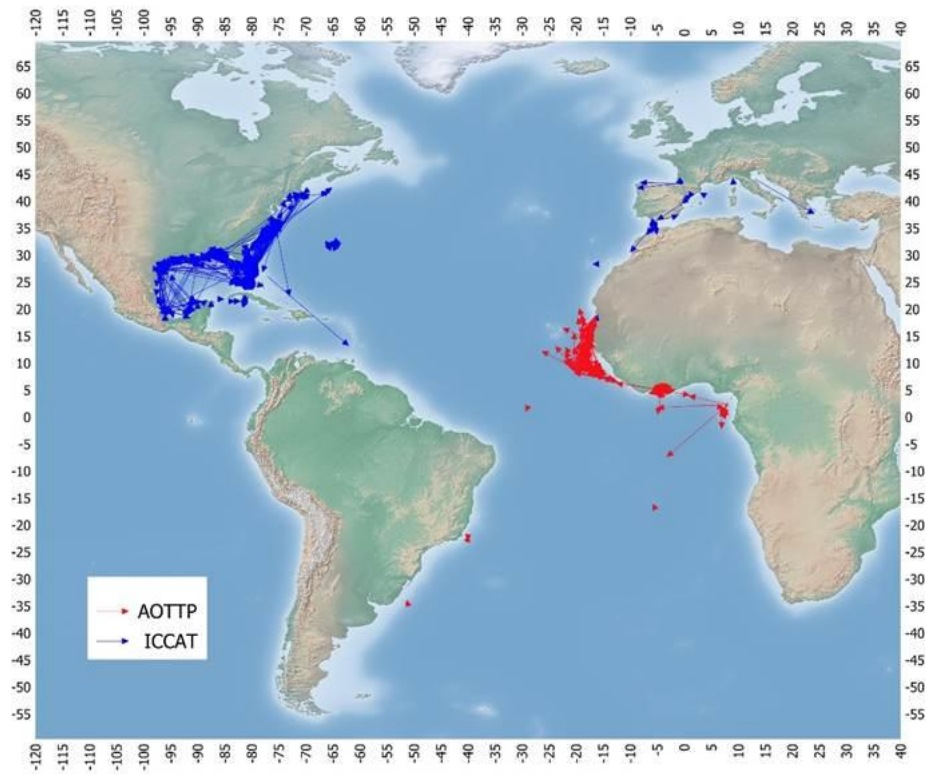


Figure 4. (C) Straight displacement from the release to the recovery position of the recaptured specimens in ICCAT conventional tagging on small tunas (including AOTTP).

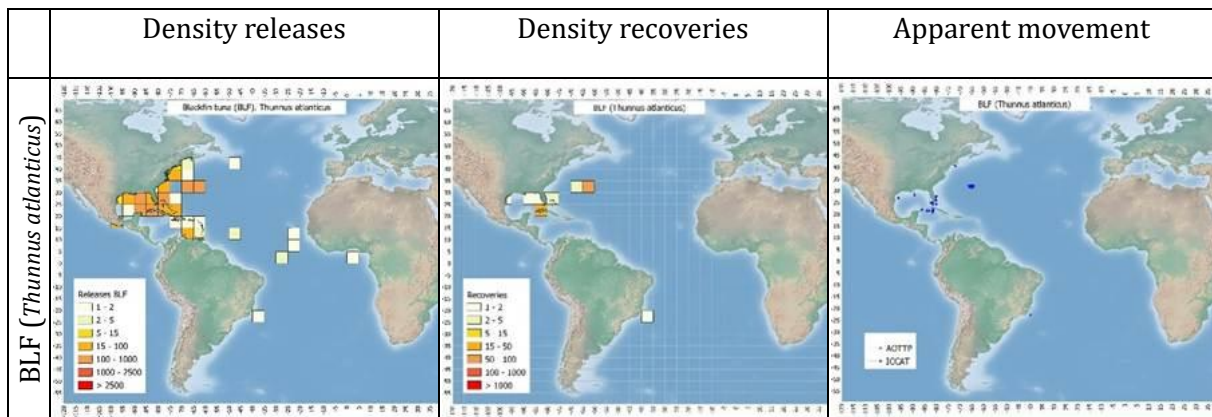


Figure 5. Maps which show the density of the release positions at 5x5 lat lon grids, density of the recovery positions at 5x5 degree strata, and a map with the straight displacement from the release to the recovery position of the recaptured specimens, respectively for each species of the group of small tunas.

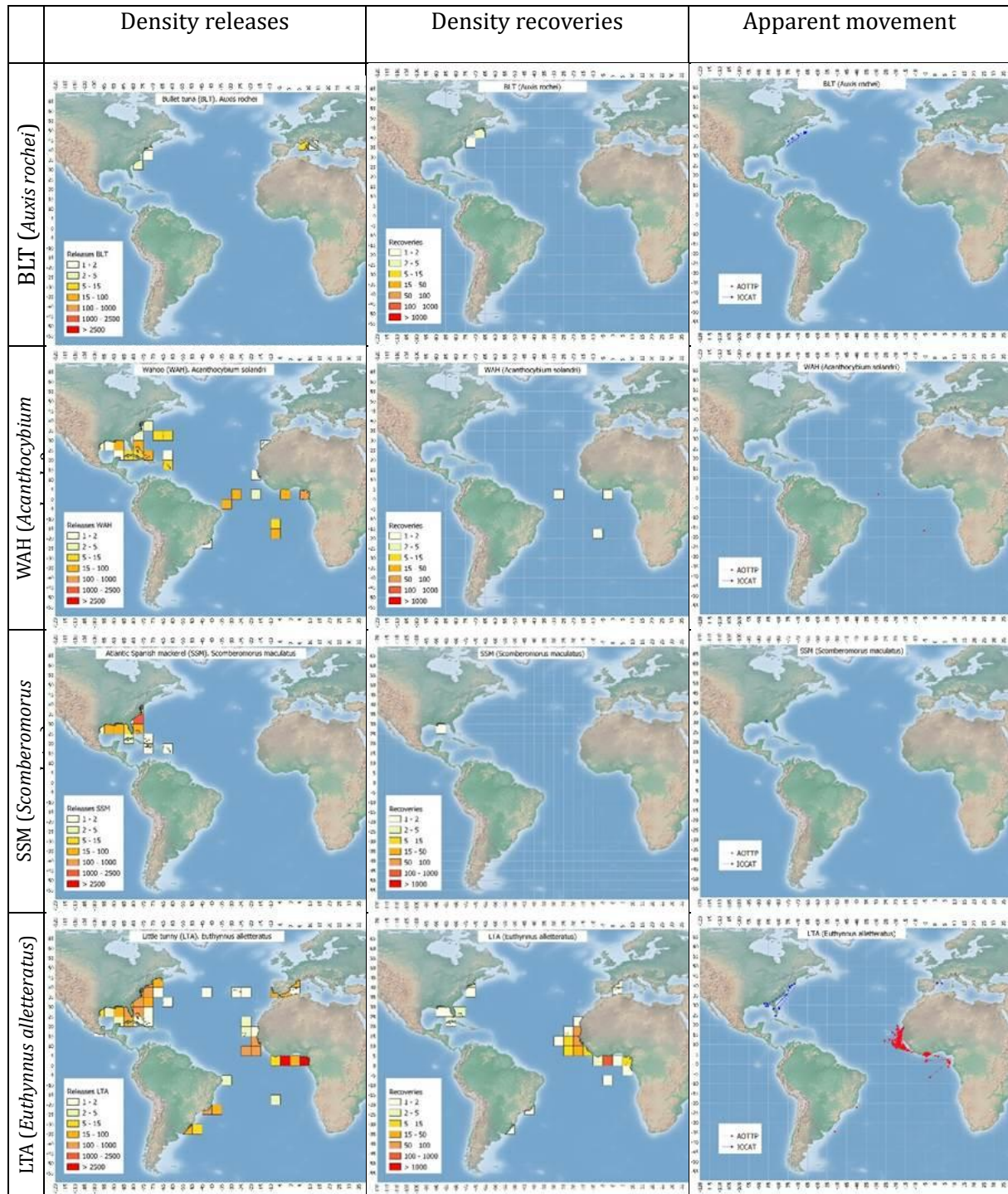


Figure 5 (continued). Maps which show the density of the release positions at 5x5 lat lon grids, density of the recovery positions at 5x5 degree strata, and a map with the straight displacement from the release to the recovery position of the recaptured specimens, respectively for each species of the group of small tunas.

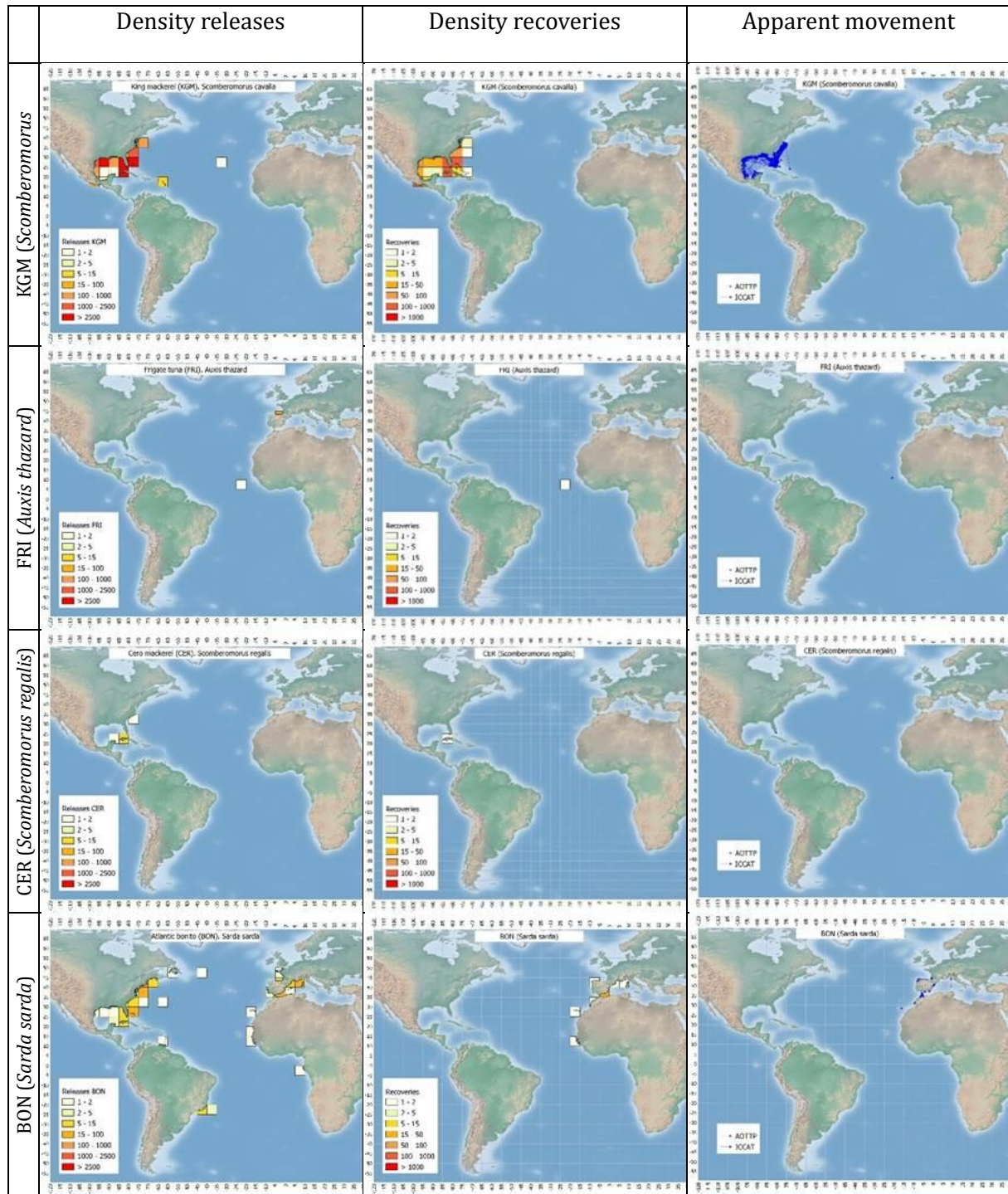


Figure 5 (continued). Maps which show the density of the release positions at 5x5 lat lon grids, density of the recovery positions at 5x5 degree strata, and a map with the straight displacement from the release to the recovery position of the recaptured specimens, respectively for each species of the group of small tunas.

Agenda

1. Opening, adoption of Agenda, meeting arrangements and assignment of rapporteurs
2. Review of fisheries statistics
 - 2.1 Task 1 (catches) data and spatial distribution of catches
 - 2.2 Task 2 catch/effort and size data
 - 2.3 Tagging data
3. Review of available and new information on biology and other life-history information of small tunas
 - 3.1 Age and growth
 - 3.2 Reproduction and maturity (including a summary of the 2024 workshop)
 - 3.3 Genetics (species and stock differentiations)
 - 3.4 Other
4. Plan to apply Data Poor Methods for future development of management advice
5. Small Tunas Year Programme (SMTYP)
 - 5.1 Update on programmed activities for 2025
 - 5.2 Plan for future SMTYP activities in 2026 and beyond
6. Recommendations
7. Other matters
 - 7.1 Draft workplan for 2026
 - 7.2 New rules regarding the requests related to science funding
 - 7.3 Other matters
8. Adoption of the report and closure

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Appendix 3

List of Papers and Presentations

DocRef	Title	Authors
SCRS/2025/114	Updated age and growth of wahoo (<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>) in the Atlantic Ocean, based on dorsal fin spines and otoliths	Silva G., Pinheiro J.L., Cardoso H., Lechuga R., Pascual-Alayón P., Diaha C.N'G., Davy A., N'Gom F.
SCRS/2025/116	Updated distribution of Wahoo (<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>) in the Mediterranean Sea	DiNatale A., Corsini-Foka M., Deidun A., and Zava B.
SCRS/2025/119	Revisiting the Genetic Population Structure of Atlantic Bonito (<i>Sarda sarda</i>)	Bartrès D., Ollé-Vilanova J., and Viñas J.*
SCRS/2025/120	Quelques paramètres biologiques d'une espèce des thonidés mineurs ; le bonitou : <i>Auxis rochei</i> (Risso, 1810) pêché dans la zone centre d'Algérie	Benounnas K., Ferhani K., Bensmail S., and Mennad M.
SCRS/2025/121	Preliminary report of sampling activities in the SMTYP-2024	DaSilva G., Lucena Frédou F., Muñoz-Lechuga R., Viñas J., Macias D., Diaha N'G. C., Ngom Sow F., Angueko D., Hajjej G., and Baibbat S'A.
SCRS/2025/122	Report on the Workshop on Small Tuna Reproductive Biology	Diaha N.C., Ngom Sow F., Angueko D., Hajjej G., Baibbat S.A., Benounnas K., da Silva G., Macias D., Puerto M.A., and Rodríguez E.
SCRS/P/2025/041	Morphometric Comparison of Juvenile Tuna Species in the Adriatic Sea", in which we demonstrated a methodology for distinguishing juvenile <i>Thunnus thynnus</i> from <i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i> and <i>Auxis rochei</i> using geometric morphometrics and clustering techniques based on body shape	Talijančić, I., Žuvić L., Grubišić L., and Šegvić-Bubić T.
SCRS/2025/123	An Update of the Moroccan Coastal Fleet Targeting Bonito (<i>Sarda sarda</i>) South of Moroccan Atlantic Waters	Bougharioun, M., Abid, N., Baibbat, S. A., Ikkiss, A., and Bensbai, J.
SCRS/P/2025/042	Preliminary study of the interactions between small tunas and artisanal fisheries in the Ghannouch-Gabès region (Southeast Tunisia)	Hajjej G.
SCRS/P/2025/043	From Data Gaps to Assessment: Reconstructing Small Tuna Historical Data for Stock Evaluation and Management	Silva M. L. S., Andrade H. A., Cope J. M., Frédou T., Soares A. P. C., Barreto T. M. R. R., and Frédou F. L.
SCRS/P/2025/044	Summary of available Small Tunas statistical data	ICCAT Secretariat
SCRS/P/2025/045	Tagging summary for Small tunas (SMT)	ICCAT Secretariat
SCRS/P/2025/047	Update of the ageing analysis for Bullet tuna (<i>Auxis rochei</i>) after a genetic discrimination	Munoz-Lechuga R, Cabrera-Castro R, Mendoza A, Berlotti B, Viñas J, Ollé J, and Lino P.G.
SCRS/2025/127	Standardized catch rates for wahoo (<i>Acanthocybium solandri</i>) from the Venezuelan pelagic longline fishery off the Caribbean Sea and the western central Atlantic (1993-2023)	Narváez M., Marín H, Evaristo E, Gutiérrez X, and Arocha F
SCRS/P/2025/046	Fisheries statistics on Small tunas catches in São Tomé e Príncipe	Conceição I.
SCRS/P/2025/048	From data gaps to assessment: reconstructing small tuna historical data for stock evaluation and management	Silva M. L. S., Andrade H.A, Cope J.M., Frédou T, Soares A.P.C., Barreto T.M.R.R., Frédou F.L.
SCRS/P/2025/049	Small tuna research program: a review and perspectives	Fredou F, Silva G., Muñoz-Lechuga R., Viñas J., Macias D., Diaha C., Sow F.N., Angueko D., Hajjej G., Baibbat S'A.

SCRS/2025/099	Report on the workshop on small tuna reproductive biology	Diaha N.C., Sow F.N., Angueko D., Hajje G., Baibbat S.A, Benounnas K., Silva G., Macias D., Puerto M.A., Rodríguez E.
SCRS/P/2025/050	Summer investigation of <i>Euthynnus alletteratus</i> from Egypt Mediterranean Sea " length variations and CPUE of purse seine	Farrag M
SCRS/P/2025/051	PROATUM – Sustainable Management of Brazilian Tuna Fisheries	Frédou T.
SCRS/P/2025/052	Preliminary Study of some Biological Parameters of the White King Mackerel <i>Scomberomorus tritor</i> , Cuvier, 1831, Landed in Capal	Angueko D.

Appendix 4

SCRS documents and presentation summaries as provided by the authors

SCRS/2025/099 - This report on the workshop about the reproductive biology of small tunas was held at the Spanish Institute of Oceanography laboratory (IEO-CSIC) in Málaga, (Spain). The main objective of the workshop was to identify and validate the reference scale for studying the reproductive biology of different small tuna species. To this end, available scales were examined and a summary was created to serve as a reference scale for gonad maturity. Capacity building was conducted to harmonize the different laboratory processes for gonad treatment. An update of samples collected for the SMTYP project was completed to highlight gaps by research axis.

SCRS/2025/114 - The Wahoo (*Acanthocybium solandri*) is a species of the Scombridae family, commonly found in tropical and subtropical environments around the world. Although wahoo is not a target species for the fishing industry, it is usually landed as a bycatch species by trolling fishing boats, purse seine fishing with loaders and fixed nets. The present study aims to estimate the growth parameters of *Acanthocybium solandri* in Atlantic Ocean, based on dorsal fin spines and otoliths. The paired data of the fork length (FL) and estimated age from dorsal spines were adjusted to the von Bertalanffy equation, resulting in the following growth equation: $FL = 155.13 (1 - \exp(-0.515(t+0.54)))$. For the otoliths, the von Bertalanffy growth model presented the lowest AIC value, which can be considered the model with best fit to the paired data, resulting in the following growth equation: $FL = 179.68 (1 - \exp(-0.19(t+3.06)))$. With the present results we expect to contribute in the update of growth parameters of wahoo in the Atlantic Ocean, enabling an effective fishery management.

SCRS/2025/116 - The occurrence of the Wahoo (*Acanthocybium solandri*) in the Mediterranean Sea is known since the XIX century, but its records within the area remain occasional and casual. Apparently, its occurrence has increased in the last two decades, possibly also thanks to the increasingly warmer temperatures in the area, but also thanks to the citizen science opportunities provided by the ever-expanding social information networks. This short paper provides a review of the latest information on the Mediterranean distribution of the Wahoo, with the aim to increase the SCRS and ICCAT awareness on this species in the Mediterranean Sea.

SCRS/2025/119 - In the document SCRS_2025_119, the authors compiled all the available data on the population structure of bonito using the same molecular marker (mtDNA). The systematic application of this marker over more than two decades has enabled the study of 890 bonito samples, covering a large part of their distribution, with samples collected more than two decades apart. The main result is that the divergence between the northeast Atlantic samples and the tropical Atlantic localities is corroborated, and this should be considered the starting point for management purposes. During the discussion, the results of the genetic population structure of LTA were also presented. Once again, genomic analysis confirms the deep genetic separation at the species level between samples from the tropical eastern Atlantic and those from the north-east Atlantic/Mediterranean. This differentiation is corroborated by growth analysis and by different reproductive behaviour. The implications of this result were discussed.

SCRS/2025/120 - This study provided information on some growth parameters of bullet tuna (*Auxis rochei*) caught in the Bay of Bou-Ismaïl (Tipaza) in 2023. The study is based on monthly sampling over a total of seven months, carried out by small-scale fisheries in the central region of Algeria. According to the available data, the calculated relationships highlight a negative allometry between fork length and total weight for *Auxis rochei*. This indicates that fork length (FL) increases at a slower rate than total weight (TW). The Von Bertalanffy growth parameters were determined through the analysis of size structures: the asymptotic length (L₈), the growth coefficient (K), and the theoretical age (t₀) of individuals when their size is zero in *Auxis rochei*.

SCRS/2025/121 - This is the preliminary report of the Small Tunas Year Program (SMTYP) for the year of 2024 with the ongoing activities of sampling effort, as well as age and growth, reproduction, and stock structure analysis. A total of 148 individuals were collected by now during the present contract: 60 BLT from ATL-SE, 62 FRI from ATL-SE, 26 LTA (16 from ATL-SW and 10 from MED), and 53 WAH from ATL-NE. For age and growth studies, we have processed 10 dorsal spines of LTA from Tunisia (MED), 52 dorsal spines of wahoo from Senegal, and 46 otoliths of wahoo from Senegal (30 for daily ageing and 16 for annual ageing). Stock structure and species identification analyses are currently being performed, since we were waiting for samples to arrive and the procedure for a complete analysis. The preliminary results were presented in the ICCAT SCRS meeting in September 2024.

SCRS/2025/122 - This report on the workshop about the reproductive biology of small tunas was held at the Spanish Institute of Oceanography laboratory (IEO-CSIC) in Málaga, (Spain). The main objective of the workshop was to identify and validate the reference scale for studying the reproductive biology of different small tuna species. To this end, available scales were examined and a summary was created to serve as a reference scale for gonad maturity. Capacity building was conducted to harmonize the different laboratory processes for gonad treatment. An update of samples collected for the SMTYP project was completed to highlight gaps by research axis.

SCRS/2025/123 - This document presents an update of the biological data and fisheries indicators for Atlantic bonito (*Sarda sarda*, Bloch 1793) targeted by the Moroccan coastal fleet south of the Moroccan Atlantic waters for the period 2010-2024. In total, 8736 trips were carried out by this fleet during 2024. The size for Atlantic bonito ranged between 30 and 83 cm SFL, with an average size of 51.4 cm observed in 2024. The mean size of fish and the CPUE showed an increasing trend from 2010 to 2024. The analysis emphasizes the need of ongoing monitoring to identify and investigate sudden changes and trends, helping to prevent overfishing.

SCRS/2025/127 - A standardized CPUE index was developed for Wahoo (*Acanthocybium solandri*) using a Generalized Additive Mixed Model (GAMM) with a Delta lognormal distribution, based on logbook data from 1993-2023. The model incorporated Year as fixed factor, Season (quarter of the year) as random effect factor and environmental variables as smooth terms. These variables included: Sea surface temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, mixed layer depth, chlorophyll a, primary productivity, illumination percentage of moonlight and bathymetry. Diagnostic plots showed no major departure from expected. The index showed a variable trend with lower values at the end of the series.

SCRS/P/2025/041 - Accurately distinguishing small tuna species using geometric morphometrics depends on more than advanced statistical tools as it starts with consistent, standardised image acquisition. This presentation will introduce overview on protocols that can minimise measurement error, ensure reproducibility and provide a solid foundation for regional campaigns to improve small tuna species identification in the Atlantic and Mediterranean.

SCRS/P/2025/042 - This study presents a case study of interactions between ICCAT-listed species and non-ICCAT fisheries, with a focus on artisanal fishing activities in Ghannouch, southern Tunisia. The study primarily examines the use of trammel nets (targeting cuttlefish and shrimp) and gillnet, as well as their associated catch composition and bycatch rates. Findings indicate that gear type significantly influences both catch selectivity and the incidence of bycatch. Small tunas were rarely recorded in landings, suggesting limited interaction; however, the main fishing season for these species (April-July) was not covered, which constrains interpretation of their actual impact.

SCRS/P/2025/050 - The little tunny (*Euthynnus alletratus*) as ICCAT concern has been paid attention for future conservation in the Mediterranean Sea particularly Egyptian coast. This is a short and specific investigation of *E. alletratus* caught by purse seiners during March, June, July and August from certain areas and landing sites along the coast (Alex, - Abu Qir- Maadia and Rashid). The length variations were measured during all months, while the CPUE was estimated during June-August. The samples were ranged from 28 to 108 cm and an average of 68.01 ± 20 , weight ranged from 0.8 to 10.4 and average of 5.53 ± 2.53 kg. For monthly variations in length, the length range was 28-50cm, then increased to 44-108cm in June, 38-102cm in July and 44-102 cm in August. From the length frequency, the majority of length was from 46 to 78 cm. According to length analysis by R package, Accordingly, L8 was estimated as 122.37 cm, K values were estimated as 0.22 year⁻¹, and growth performance was estimated as 3.01. Regarding, the estimated total catch during June- August, the highest total catch was estimated from Rashid landing site in July as 90

tonnes with CPUE 2500 ± 230 kg (Boat/Month) and 490 ± 60 kg (Boat/Day). The lowest total catch was estimated in Alex. during June 1.8 tonnes with CPUE 600 ± 1500 kg (Boat/Month) and 280 ± 45 kg (Boat/Day). The investigation considered preliminary and short investigation for one gear and need further combinations with other gears for long time. The small length range in March reflect the young specimens, then the samples during summer reflected the season of such species. From the CPUE estimation and evaluation in four areas, it was noticed that the areas (Alex. & Abu Qir) have similarity in the habitats and fishing boats and efforts. While the areas (Maadia and Rashid have nearly the similar behavior of fishing operations. In spite the investigated season represents the most catch of this species, it needs to be investigated during the whole of years and studied for various fishing gears. Moreover, this study may be considered the step guide for the attention towards the small tuna in the Egyptian Mediterranean coast.

Appendix 5

SCRS Catalogues for small tunas

Table 1[a-m] Small tuna species standard SCRS catalogues on statistics (Task 1 and Task 2) of the major ICCAT small tuna species by stock/area, major fishery (flag/gear combinations ranked by order of importance) and year (1994 to 2023). Only the most important fisheries (representing about 90 to 95 % of Task 1 total catch) are shown. For each data series, Task 1 (DSet= 't1', in tonnes) is visualised against its equivalent Task 2 availability (DSet= 't2') scheme. The Task 2 colour scheme, has a concatenation of characters ('a'= T2CE exists; 'b'= T2SZ exists; 'c'= CAS exists) that represents the Task 2 data availability in the ICCAT-DB. See the legend for the colour scheme pattern definitions.

Table	Species	Scientific name	% weight in Task I of Small tunas (1994-2023)	Order (#)	Stock / area	Legend (t2)
1a	BLF	Thunnus atlanticus		2.5	9	AT
1b	BLT	Auxis rochei		4.7	6	AT
1c	BLT	Auxis rochei				MD
1d	BON	Sarda sarda	31.2	1	AT	
1e	BON	Sarda sarda				MD
1f	BOP	Orcynopsis unicolor	0.6	12	AT	
1g	BOP	Orcynopsis unicolor				MD
1h	BRS	Scomberomorus brasiliensis	3.1	8	AT	
1i	CER	Scomberomorus regalis	0.1	13	AT	
1j	COM	Scomberomorus commerson	1.0	11	MD	
1k	FRI	Auxis thazard	12.7	3	AT	
1l	KGM	Scomberomorus cavalla	12.1	4	AT	
1m	LTA	Euthynnus alletteratus	17.7	2	AT	
1n	LTA	Euthynnus alletteratus				MD
1o	MAW	Scomberomorus tritor	1.6	10	AT	
1p	SSM	Scomberomorus maculatus	9.4	5	AT	
1q	WAH	Acanthocybium solandri	3.6	7	AT	

Legend (t2)	
a	t2ce
b	t2sz
c	cas

-1	no T2 data
a	t2ce only
b	t2sz only
c	cas only
bc	t2sz + cas
ab	t2ce + t2sz
ac	t2ce + cas
abc	all

	no T1 data
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Table 1-a. SCRS catalogue: BLF(AT) (*Thunnus atlanticus*)

Score: 2.96			T1 Total																															Rank			% %			
Species	Stock	Status	FlagName	Gear	GP	DSet	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	%	%	%	
BLF	ATL	CP	USA	RR	11		482	518	388	469	647	568	288	420	287	365	638	191	806	402	631	594	888	1893	1301	551	725	1224	904	1025	701	1588	1002	2338	1957	1	31.22	31.22		
BLF	ATL	CP	USA	RR	12		b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	1				
BLF	ATL	CP	EU-France	UN	11		1330	1370	1040	1040	1040	1040	1040	1040	1040																					2	12.61	43.83		
BLF	ATL	CP	EU-France	UN	12																															2				
BLF	ATL	CP	Venezuela	PS	11		13	621	691	415	907	844	472	334		891	334	204	605	121	165	742	202	291	238	416	195	155	69	76	161	25	31				3	11.20	55.13	
BLF	ATL	CP	Venezuela	PS	12		ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	3			
BLF	ATL	CP	Grenada	TR	11		189	123	164	126	233	94	164	223	255	335	268	306	371	291	290	291	291	291	291	291							62	43		36	108	4	6.48	61.51
BLF	ATL	CP	Grenada	TR	12																																4			
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	HL	11																																5	5.69	67.20	
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	HL	12																																5			
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	LL	11		1													1	2	0															6	5.59	72.79	
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	LL	12																																6			
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	UN	11		6		382	297	55	55	38	149	1518					240																	7	3.85	76.24	
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	UN	12																																7			
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	BB	11		31	153	265	93				151	1	118	90			233	18	10	8	40	56	18	130	0			100	50	244	532	351	302	8	3.78	80.41	
BLF	ATL	CP	Brazil	BB	12																																8			
BLF	ATL	CP	Venezuela	BB	11				64	60	108			224	973	821	107	127	104	71	34	29	1	92																

Table 1-b. SCRS catalogue: BLT(AT) (*Auxis rochei*)

[illegible]

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Table 1-c. SCRS catalogue: BLT(MD) (Auxis rochei)

Score: 0.88		T1 Total																																			5200	4301	5909	3070	2281	2383	3010	4559	5416	3441	5823	3513	3344	5015	6491	5072	7206	8977	5719	6494	3549	4816	5253	3116	3855	3218	3347	3475	4078	4343			
Species	Stock	Status	FlagName	GearGrp	DSet	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Rank	%	%cum																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-España	UN	t1	702	1233	1962	408	221	527	411	750	317	495	1009	828	1027	2979	3265	607	3748	3099	1463	2418	600	165	113	27	54			0	0	1	20.73	20.73																																
BLT	MED	CP	EU-España	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2	13.54	34.26																															
BLT	MED	CP	Türkiye	PS	t1	77					316	316	316	316		284	1020	1031	993	836	1873	1081	2552	907	863	562	476	407	474	367	441	1064	730	794	472	3	11.26	45.52																															
BLT	MED	CP	Türkiye	PS	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	6.90	52.42																															
BLT	MED	CP	Algerie	PS	t1	247	188	202	156	245	149	178	166	306		153	201	472	437		219	109	986	983	443	914	1846	1563	192	778	362	667	1707		5	5.37	57.79																																
BLT	MED	CP	Algerie	PS	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	6	5.23	63.02																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	UN	t1	531	531	229	229	229	462	462	462	2328	974	1309	627		74		74	37	55	849												7	4.52	67.54																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	8	4.28	71.83																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-España	PS	t1																															9	4.17	76.00																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-España	PS	t2																															10	4.08	80.08																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-España	TP	t1	422	239	334	196	266	142	612	111	176		18	74	104	124	120	39	128	156	236	135	114	87	120	224	180	71	81	128	93	11	3.45	83.53																																
BLT	MED	CP	EU-España	TP	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	12	3.31	86.84																															
BLT	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	t1																															13	1.98	88.82																															
BLT	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	t2																															14	1.86	90.68																															
BLT	MED	CP	Algerie	UN	t1	14	11	10	5	15	9	17	22	27		41																				15	1.47	92.16																															
BLT	MED	CP	Algerie	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	16	1.17	93.33																															
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	GN	t1																																17	0.99	94.32																														
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	GN	t2																																18	0.95	95.27																														
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	PS	t1																																19	0.87	96.14																														
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	PS	t2																																20	0.86	97.01																														
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	HL	t1																																21	0.66	97.67																														
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	HL	t2																																22																																
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	HL	t1																																																																
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	HL	t2																																																																
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	LL	t1																																																																
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	LL	t2																																																																
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	TP	t1	194	55			7	478	210	227	24																																																							
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	TP	t2	-1	-1			-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1																																	
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	PS	t1					33	9																																																										
BLT	MED	CP	Maroc	PS	t2					-1	-1																																																										
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	TW	t1																																																																
BLT	MED	CP	EU-Italy	TW	t2																																																																

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Table 1-d. SCRS catalogue: BON(AT) (Sarda sarda)

			T1 Total	6037	6030	7939	10340	15523	9143	5179	5400	8208	3307	4584	4391	9648	6381	6772	13691	16338	22341	8959	6482	4640	6712	10930	10959	11093	23931	17458	21817	36026	31960		
Score: 2.41																																			
Species	Status	FlagName	GearGrp	Dset	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
BON	ATL	CP	Mauritania	TW	t1												1296	818	1823	2363	6861	9432	3159	488	1022	2487	4790	1496	1742	1902	4945	4760	10727	4792	
BON	ATL	CP	Mauritania	TW	t2												-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
BON	ATL	CP	Mexico	LL	t1	674	1144	1312	1312	1632	1861	1293	1113	1032	1238	1066	654	1303	1188	1113	1063	1046	1080	1447	1534	1115	1110	1188	1361	1440	1258	954	693	430	692
BON	ATL	CP	Mexico	LL	t2																														
BOM	ATL	CP	Senegal	GN	t1	395	397	862	617	689	850	183	417	435	112	134	330	707	480	700	2854	1505	2555	998	429	999	1372	473	300	840	2982	1283	2911	2687	1968
BOM	ATL	CP	Senegal	GN	t2	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	a	b	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	
BON	ATL	CP	Maroc	PS	t1	561	659	861	1224	1479	1334	1987	1610	1936	863	936	67	102	81	120	945	61	12	24	11	1	9	170	317	971	1363	1313	1088	2533	4311
BON	ATL	CP	Maroc	PS	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
BON	ATL	CP	Maroc	LL	t1												535	996	538	806	909	22	88	140	60	62	102	420	650	1814	2499	2407	1987	4625	7871
BON	ATL	CP	Maroc	LL	t2												a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	bc	abc	b	b	c	b	b	-1	-1	-1	a
BON	ATL	CP	Russian Federation	TW	t1				4960			574	1441	461	16	79	316	259	52	368	1042	2293	848	125	416	308	850	666	573	617	1281	908	6969	732	
BON	ATL	CP	Russian Federation	TW	t2				a			a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	
BON	ATL	CP	Maroc	HL	t1												246	239	178	282	478	16	16	71	18	27	63	260	450	1296	1817	1750	1441	3353	5706
BON	ATL	CP	Maroc	HL	t2												a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	
BON	ATL	CP	EU-Latvia	TW	t1	3	19	301	887																										

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Table 1-e. SCRS catalogue: BON(MD) (Sarda sarda)

Score: 0.68			T1 Total																																	Rank		
Species	Stock	Status	FlagName	GearGrp	DSet	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	%	%cum	
BON	MED	CP	Türkiye	PS	I1	10093	8944	10284	7810	24000	17900	12000	13460	6286	6000	5701	70797	29690	5965	6448	7036	9401	10019	35764	13158	19032	4573	39460	7578	30920	660	16701	1490	41403	1208	1	72.90	72.90
BON	MED	CP	Türkiye	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	2		
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	UN	I1	1828	1512	2233	2233	2233	4159	4159	4159	4579	1067	1112	814			740	76	602	543		1039	442	69	110	28	220	3					3	5.23	78.13
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	UN	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3		
BON	MED	CP	EU-Greece	PS	I1	1581	2116	1752	1559	945	2135	1914	1550	1420	1538	1321	1390	845	1123	587	476	531	798	733	960	678	691	700	399	641	422	342	269	659	213	3	4.66	82.79
BON	MED	CP	EU-Greece	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4		
BON	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	4	3.72	86.51
BON	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	5		
BON	MED	CP	Türkiye	GN	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	5	2.61	89.12
BON	MED	CP	Türkiye	GN	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	6		
BON	MED	CP	Tunisie	UN	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	6	1.54	90.66
BON	MED	CP	Tunisie	UN	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	6		
BON	MED	CP	EU-España	UN	I1	341	624	681	619	313	419	321	327	448	544	272	202	420	508	453	225	457	539	420	807	520	173	103		101		0	0	0	0	7	1.51	92.17
BON	MED	CP	EU-España	UN	I2	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	7		
BON	MED	CP	Algerie	PS	I1	332	377	219	284	389	376	346	292	361		317	298	340	585		293	146	213	218	392	351	427	300	395	52	208	214	404		589	8	1.41	93.58
BON	MED	CP	Algerie	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	8		
BON	MED	CP	Egypt	PS	I1	697	985	725	724	1442	1442	1128	1128																							9	1.27	94.86
BON	MED	CP	Egypt	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	9		
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	LL	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	10	0.75	95.61
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	LL	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	10		
BON	MED	CP	Algerie	LL	I1	126	111	310	292											146	73	140	126	216	152	278	150	193	282	93	96	76	1216	252	11	0.67	96.28	
BON	MED	CP	Algerie	LL	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	11		
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	PS	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	12	0.61	96.89
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	12		
BON	MED	CP	EU-España	PS	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	13	0.53	97.42
BON	MED	CP	EU-España	PS	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	13		
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	GN	I1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	14	0.42	97.84
BON	MED	CP	EU-Italy	GN	I2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	14		

Table 1-f. SCRS catalogue: BOP(AT) (*Orcynopsis unicolor*)

[illegible]

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Table 1-g. SCRS catalogue: BOP(MD) (*Orcynopsis unicolor*)[illegible]

Table 1-h. SCRS catalogue: BRS(AT) (*Scomberomorus brasiliensis*)

Score: 0.92			T1 Total																																														
			7161	7006	8435	8004	7923	5754	4785	4553	7750	5137	3410	3712	3587	2253	3305	2681	1590	1055	613	853	698	389	1124	1032	1010	1118	773	707	1010																		
Species	Stock	Status	Flag	Name	Gen	Grp	Dset	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Rank	%	%cum	Σ								
BRS	ATL	CP	Trinidad and Tobago	UN	t1			2130	1816	1568	1699	2130	1328	1722	2207	2472	1867	2103	2720	1778	1414	1472	1498	1498	926	475	695	695											1	40.41	40.41	39770							
BRS	ATL	CP	Trinidad and Tobago	UN	t2			-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	a	a	a	a	a	a	-1	a	a	a	a	a											1										
BRS	ATL	CP	Venezuela	UN	t1			3882	3882	3609	3609	3651	1766	1766	1766	1766	1766																						2	26.11	66.52	25697							
BRS	ATL	CP	Venezuela	UN	t2			-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1																						2										
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	UN	t1			1149	1308	3047	2125	1516	1516	988	229	3071	2881	814	471	1432	563	1521	1042																	3	24.05	90.57	23673						
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	UN	t2			-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1																3										
BRS	ATL	NCC	Guyana	GN	t1			211	571	625	1143	308	329	441	389	494	521	377	277	312	141																			4	8.16	98.73	8029						
BRS	ATL	NCC	Guyana	GN	t2																																			4									
BRS	ATL	NCC	Suriname	TW	t1			-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1													5	1.00	99.73	981						
BRS	ATL	NCC	Suriname	TW	t2																																				5								
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	BB	t1																																				6	0.09	99.82	92					
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	BB	t2																																				6								
BRS	ATL	NCC	Chinese Taipei	LL	t1																																				7	0.06	99.88	61					
BRS	ATL	NCC	Chinese Taipei	LL	t2																																				7								
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	LL	t1																																				8	0.05	99.93	51					
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	LL	t2																																				8								
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	PS	t1											22																									9	0.03	99.96	25					
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	PS	t2																																				9								
BRS	ATL	CP	Trinidad and Tobago	LL	t1																																				10	0.02	99.98	24					
BRS	ATL	CP	Trinidad and Tobago	LL	t2																																				10								
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	HL	t1																																				11	0.01	99.99	11					
BRS	ATL	CP	Brazil	HL	t2																																				11								
BRS	ATL	CP	Grenada	LL	t1							1		1		1	0																								12	0.00	100.00	3					
BRS	ATL	CP	Grenada	LL	t2							-1	-1	-1	-1	-1																									12								
BRS	ATL	CP	Trinidad and Tobago	RR	t1																																				13	0.00	100.00	1					
BRS	ATL	CP	Trinidad and Tobago	RR	t2																																				13								
BRS	ATL	CP	Angola	PS	t1																																				14	0.00	100.00	1					
BRS	ATL	CP	Angola	PS	t2																																				14								
BRS	ATL	CP	EU-France	GN	t1																																				15	0.00	100.00	0					
BRS	ATL	CP	EU-France	GN	t2																																				15								
BRS	ATL	CP	Grenada	TR	t1																																				16	0.00	100.00	0					
BRS	ATL	CP	Grenada	TR	t2																																				16								

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Table 1-i. SCRS catalogue: CER(AT) (*Scomberomorus regalis*)[illegible]

Table 1-j. SCRS catalogue: COM(MD) (*Scomberomorus commerson*)

[illegible]

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Table 1-k. SCRS catalogue: FRI(AT) (Axis thazard)

Score: 4.72		T1 Total	13332	11816	13871	13980	14332	10589	8680	10151	5742	6096	8832	6154	8429	9789	7861	12384	14215	15471	18287	17597	17149	17074	21814	15703	17755	18397	18119	20660	18542	15317								
Species	Stock	Status	FlagName	GearGrp	Dset	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Rank	%	%cum		
FRI	ATL	CP	EU-España	PS	t1	4244	4274	5440	4020	3698	3773	3385	4286	1498	2533	2450	1451	1430	2847	2237	3696	4017	3891	7292	3958	4447	3142	4205	2915	2089	2307	1826	2428	2874	2385	1	24.27	24.27		
FRI	ATL	CP	EU-España	PS	t1	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	1				
FRI	ATL	CP	EU-France	PS	t1	4146	2423	2906	1662	1794	1836	2333	2175	865	1217	1464	1185	644	684	222	708	1301	962	1426	1694	1629	1239	1452	1317	1661	1526	1030	1627	1962	1372	2	11.38	35.65		
FRI	ATL	CP	EU-France	PS	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	2				
FRI	ATL	CP	Curacao	PS	t1			590	1157	1030	1159	1122	989	abc	710	505	474	29	205	135	521	589	233	374	452	630	1680	1151	1124	1576	1414	750	1071	1589	249	163	3	5.31	40.96	
FRI	ATL	CP	Curacao	PS	t2			abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	3			
FRI	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	PS	t1			abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	4	4.54	45.50	
FRI	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	PS	t2			abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	4			
FRI	ATL	CP	Panama	PS	t1	341	328	240	91						12	394	1249	1200	1600	708	699	582	569	621	738	997	292	1356	1572	707	743	941	1152	648	349	5	4.44	49.93		
FRI	ATL	CP	Panama	PS	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	5			
FRI	ATL	NCO	Mixed flags (EU tropical)	PS	t1																															6	4.37	54.31		
FRI	ATL	NCO	Mixed flags (EU tropical)	PS	t2																															6				
FRI	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	HS	t1																															7	3.94	58.25		
FRI	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	HS	t2																															7				
FRI	ATL	CP	Senegal	PS	t1	309	309		101																												8	3.60	61.85	
FRI	ATL	CP	Senegal	PS	t2																																8			
FRI	ATL	CP	Venezuela	UN	t1	2597	2597	2758	2578	1926	1524																										9	3.43	65.28	
FRI	ATL	CP	Venezuela	UN	t2																																9			
FRI	ATL	CP	Ghana	PS	t1					33	221	118	39	31		3																					10	3.31	68.59	
FRI	ATL	CP	Ghana	PS	t2					abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	10		
FRI	ATL	CP	Mauritania	TW	t1																																11	3.29	71.88	
FRI	ATL	CP	Mauritania	TW	t2																																11			
FRI	ATL	CP	Maroc	PS	t1	69	510	592	2653	1716	690	539	449	347	194	352	173	11	11	42	3	3	302	230	30	8	18	40	50	1	21	110	46	44	95	12	2.29	74.17		
FRI	ATL	CP	Maroc	PS	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	12		
FRI	ATL	CP	Côte d'Ivoire	GN	t1					3	0	1	821	2	31	1356	4	354	541	14	813	161	297	38	2832	261	131	310	81	2	89	178	105	2	38	13	2.07	76.24		
FRI	ATL	CP	Côte d'Ivoire	GN	t2					abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	13		
FRI	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	HL	t1	4	1		7	18		9	11	181	49	5	2	6	28	18	1	5	5	1195	3195	3195											14	2.02	78.26	
FRI	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	HL	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	14		
FRI	ATL	CP	S Tomé e Príncipe	PS	t1							200	200	200	200	234	215	290																			15	1.84	80.10	
FRI	ATL	CP	S Tomé e Príncipe	PS	t2																																15			
FRI	ATL	CP	El Salvador	PS	t1																																16	1.83	81.93	
FRI	ATL	CP	El Salvador	PS	t2																																16			
FRI	ATL	CP	Russian Federation	TW	t1					1501	477	12	25	308	56	56	63	6	5	12	113	270	912	113	217	139	249	545	389	430	305	753	153	115	136	17	1.80	83.73		
FRI	ATL	CP	Russian Federation	TW	t2																																17			
FRI	ATL	CP	Senegal	GN	t1	9	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	13	282	124	82	118	313	3	67	172	333	1	21	279									18	1.79	85.52	
FRI	ATL	CP	Senegal	GN	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	18		
FRI	ATL	CP	Ghana	BB	t1																																19	1.64	87.16	
FRI	ATL	CP	Ghana	BB	t2																																19			
FRI	ATL	CP	Brazil	BB	t1	322	300	524	102	120	166	106	64	292	860	339	299	410	174	134	207	204	278	179	88	120	121	169	325	113	89	21	53	43	17	20	1.53	88.69		
FRI	ATL	CP	Brazil	BB	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	20		
FRI	ATL	CP	EU-Latvia	TW	t1																																21	1.31	89.99	
FRI	ATL	CP	EU-Latvia	TW	t2																																21			
FRI	ATL	CP	Belize	PS	t1					33		115	87																								22	1.19	91.18	
FRI	ATL	CP	Belize	PS	t2					abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	22		
FRI	ATL	CP	Gambia	LL	t1																																23	1.03	92.21	
FRI	ATL	CP	Gambia	LL	t2																																23			
FRI	ATL	CP	Guinée Rep	PS	t1																																24	0.94	93.15	
FRI	ATL	CP	Guinée Rep	PS	t2																																24			
FRI	ATL	CP	Guatemala	PS	t1																																25	0.91	94.06	
FRI	ATL	CP	Guatemala	PS	t2																																25			
FRI	ATL	CP	Venezuela	PS	t1					295	235	201		97	210	394	11	104	182	42	151	50	48	30	201	447	81	128	43	64	70	115	67	26	0					

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Table 1-I. SCRS catalogue: KGM(AT) (Scomberomorus cavalla)

		T1 Total																																	14777	14930	17782	19815	16394	17717	16342	15408	17258	15863	12830	11766	8252	17936	7344	7826	11697	10452	10151	9712	11039	9913	10838	11257	11844	10058	14660	8788	8731	17649																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Score:		0.98																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												

2025 SMALL TUNAS SPECIES GROUP MEETING – HYBRID, OLHÃO, 2025

Table 1-m. SCRS catalogue: LTA(AT) (Euthynnus alletteratus)

Score: 4.13		T1 Total	13202	10381	9453	12804	12804	9407	11830	13955	14080	16327	14918	10873	8320	16472	11954	14170	20910	21679	16679	17011	10619	17456	19097	14338	19134	15793	14994	13390	17731	14729			
Species	Stock	Status	FlagName	GearGrp	Dset	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	GN	t1	2912	2577	1096	1572	2146	414	2718	4405	1752	3287	2168	1401	1360	1240	2395	4667	5244	3575	2052	5360	2864	4271	2115	1010	851	1512	2598	2629	494	734
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	GN	t2	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	RR	t1	1093	1237	2005	1530	1255	1145	988	1057	931	813	1141	517	1018	1051	661	836	1316	1554	2417	2058	2374	3231	2610	2109	1941	2363	2056	1911	5042	2787
LTA	ATL	CP	Mauritania	TW	t1	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab
LTA	ATL	CP	Mauritania	TW	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Côte d'Ivoire	GN	t1	251	253	250	155	136	9	123	1	0																					
LTA	ATL	CP	Côte d'Ivoire	GN	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	EU-España	PS	t1	1127	464	339	380	394	199	751	1197	209	656	997	206	213	1253	944	1181	1411	2232	1173	775	1285	2346	2363	1428	929	1190	841	341	997	881
LTA	ATL	CP	EU-España	PS	t2	b	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
LTA	ATL	CP	Ghana	BB	t1	994	513	85	1396	250	169	255	296	2346	4099	5533	3437	451	564	312	651	401	245	589	417										
LTA	ATL	CP	Ghana	BB	t2	a	a	ab	ab	a	a	ab	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	HL	t1	668	389	364	288	408	427	320	353	148	208	337	643	530	178	168	365	376	824	224	526	519	667	1792	1791	1851	2740	465	1069	297	2936
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	HL	t2	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab
LTA	ATL	CP	EU-France	PS	t1	1204	327	413	540	777	595	833	1192	396	710	1058	367	215	262	122	241	913	1066	705	720	571	1098	804	760	802	825	430	1037	1367	848
LTA	ATL	CP	EU-France	PS	t2	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc	abc
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	TR	t1	653	593	511	873	818	556	297	210	759	896	993	650	1936	2397	2543	646	668	492	455											
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	TR	t2	b	a	a	a	a	a	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	ab	
LTA	ATL	CP	Ghana	PS	t1		28	629	109	137	452	434	2422	4442	1527	2301	332	771	433	1041	1064	756	685	721											
LTA	ATL	CP	Ghana	PS	t2		ab	ab	ab	a	ab	ab	ab	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	
LTA	ATL	CP	Venezuela	UN	t1		1840	1840	2815	2247	2247	2247	2247																						
LTA	ATL	CP	Venezuela	UN	t2		a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	
LTA	ATL	NCO	Mixed flags (EU tropical)	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	NCO	Mixed flags (EU tropical)	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Brazil	UN	t1	1225	1059	834	507	920	920	605	615	615																					
LTA	ATL	CP	Brazil	UN	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Angola	TP	t1		90	59	144	36	241	87	69	132	132																				
LTA	ATL	CP	Angola	TP	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Cape Verde	PS	t2		a	a																											
LTA	ATL	CP	Russian Federation	TW	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Russian Federation	TW	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Angola	HL	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Angola	HL	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	PS	t1	299																													
LTA	ATL	CP	Senegal	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Guinée Rep	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Guinée Rep	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	HL	t1	0																													
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	HL	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Panama	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Panama	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	S Tomé e Príncipe	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	S Tomé e Príncipe	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	GN	t1	44																													
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	GN	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	EU-France	UN	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	EU-France	UN	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Venezuela	PS	t1	1121	1121																												
LTA	ATL	CP	Venezuela	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Brazil	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Brazil	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Guatemala	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Guatemala	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Maroc	PS	t1	43	230	588	194	189	67	89	69	253	70	90	33																		
LTA	ATL	CP	Maroc	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Curacao	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Curacao	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Venezuela	BB	t1	994	994																												
LTA	ATL	CP	Venezuela	BB	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	PS	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	USA	PS	t2																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Liberia	GN	t1																														
LTA	ATL	CP	Liberia	GN	t2																														

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Table 1-n. SCRS catalogue: LTA(MD) (*Euthynnus alletteratus*)

Score: 0.88		T1 Total	1197	1894	2116	1601	2914	2876	3489	2988	2643	684	1439	1042	1808	1911	2259	2957	2170	3668	4186	4633	3605	6574	9788	15147	7886	9743	7346	5293	9111	10068	Rank	%	%cum					
Species	Stock	Status	FlagName	GearGrp	DSet	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
LTA	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	t1																		810	800	803	798	5165	6323	12434	4032	6152	4024	2940	5827	6551	1	42.59	42.59		
LTA	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	t2																		-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1			
LTA	MED	CP	Türkiye	PS	t1																																2	14.42	57.01	
LTA	MED	CP	Türkiye	PS	t2																																2			
LTA	MED	CP	Tunisie	UN	t1	204	696	824	333	1113	752	1453	1036	960	657	633																					3	6.51	63.52	
LTA	MED	CP	Tunisie	PS	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	3			
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	PS	t1																																4	5.59	69.11	
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	PS	t2																																4			
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Greece	PS	t1																																5	5.40	74.51	
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Greece	PS	t2																																5			
LTA	MED	CP	Syria	UN	t1	156	155	270	350	417	390	370	370	330																							6	3.11	77.62	
LTA	MED	CP	Syria	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	6			
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	PS	t1	290	343	341	301	252	335	321	269	79																								7	2.86	80.48
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	PS	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	7			
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	LL	t1																																	8	2.09	82.57
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	LL	t2																																	8		
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	LL	t1																																	9	2.07	84.63
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	LL	t2																																	9		
LTA	MED	CP	Egypt	PS	t1																																	10	1.93	86.56
LTA	MED	CP	Egypt	PS	t2																																	10		
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	TP	t1																																	11	1.71	88.27
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	TP	t2																																	11		
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	PS	t1																																	12	1.44	89.72
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	PS	t2																																	12		
LTA	MED	CP	Libya	PS	t1																																	13	1.38	91.10
LTA	MED	CP	Libya	PS	t2																																	13		
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	UN	t1																																	14	1.30	92.40
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	UN	t2																																	14		
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	GN	t1																																	15	1.19	93.59
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	GN	t2																																	15		
LTA	MED	NCO	NEI (MED)	UN	t1	200	200	200	200	200	200																											16	0.90	94.50
LTA	MED	NCO	NEI (MED)	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	16			
LTA	MED	NCO	Israel	UN	t1	119	215	119	119	119	119	119	119	119																								17	0.88	95.37
LTA	MED	NCO	Israel	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	17			
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	TP	t1	123	121	154	106	98	139	116	102	29																								18	0.74	96.12
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	TP	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	18			
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	LL	t1																																	19	0.71	96.83
LTA	MED	CP	EU-España	LL	t2																																	19		
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	UN	t1	28	51	37	22	18	27	14	9	17																								20	0.42	97.24
LTA	MED	CP	Algerie	UN	t2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	20			
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	UN	t1																																	21	0.40	97.64
LTA	MED	CP	EU-Italy	UN	t2																																	21		

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Table 1-o. SCRS catalogue: MAW(AT) (*Scomberomorus tritor*)

[illegible]Table 1-p. SCRS catalogue: SSM(AT) (*Scomberomorus maculatus*)[illegible]

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Table 1-q. SCRS catalogue: WAH(AT) (*Acanthocybium solandri*)

[illegible]